



**GCE**  
**Mathematics (MEI)**

Unit **4773**: Decision Mathematics Computation

Advanced GCE

**Mark Scheme for June 2017**

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Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance																																										
1	(i)	<p>There are 2 ways of finishing a path of length <math>30(n+2)</math>.</p> <p>Either one “perpendicular” slab added to a path of length <math>30(n+1)</math>,</p> <p>or two “parallel” slabs added to a path of length <math>30n</math>.</p> <p>So need to add number of ways to make a path of length <math>30(n+1)</math>, to the number of ways of making a path of length <math>30n</math>.</p>	M1 A1 A1 A1	multiplier of 30 not needed in description																																										
	(ii)	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>n</th> <th>un</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>13</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>21</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>34</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>55</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>89</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>144</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>233</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>377</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>610</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td>987</td></tr> <tr><td>16</td><td>1597</td></tr> <tr><td>17</td><td>2584</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td><td>4181</td></tr> <tr><td>19</td><td>6765</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>10946</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	n	un	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	5	5	8	6	13	7	21	8	34	9	55	10	89	11	144	12	233	13	377	14	610	15	987	16	1597	17	2584	18	4181	19	6765	20	10946	M1 A1	relationship correct twenty
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	(iii)	Assume that there is a solution of the form $u_n = \lambda^n$ Then $\lambda^{n+2} = \lambda^{n+1} + \lambda^n$ giving $\lambda^2 - \lambda - 1 = 0$	B1 B1 B1																																																																			
	(iv)	$\lambda = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ or $\lambda = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$ Form a linear combination of the assumed solutions, i.e. $u_n = A\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n + B\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n$ Then use instances of $n$ to determine A and B.	B1 B1 B1																																																																			
	(v)	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>n</th> <th>un</th> <th>formula</th> <th>n</th> <th>un</th> <th>formula</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>11</td><td>144</td><td>144</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>12</td><td>233</td><td>233</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>3</td><td>3</td><td>13</td><td>377</td><td>377</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>5</td><td>14</td><td>610</td><td>610</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>8</td><td>8</td><td>15</td><td>987</td><td>987</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>13</td><td>13</td><td>16</td><td>1597</td><td>1597</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>21</td><td>21</td><td>17</td><td>2584</td><td>2584</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>34</td><td>34</td><td>18</td><td>4181</td><td>4181</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>55</td><td>55</td><td>19</td><td>6765</td><td>6765</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>89</td><td>89</td><td>20</td><td>10946</td><td>10946</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	n	un	formula	n	un	formula	1	1	1	11	144	144	2	2	2	12	233	233	3	3	3	13	377	377	4	5	5	14	610	610	5	8	8	15	987	987	6	13	13	16	1597	1597	7	21	21	17	2584	2584	8	34	34	18	4181	4181	9	55	55	19	6765	6765	10	89	89	20	10946	10946	B1	
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	(vi)	20 365 011 074	B1																																																																			
	(vii)	1, 1 and 2	B1																																																																			
	(viii)	The recurrence relation is $u_{n+3} = u_{n+2} + u_n$ This will need programming in Excel and dragging down to $n = 50$ . Gives 122 106 097	B1 B1 B1																																																																			

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a) (i)	Shortest path ... ... from A to F.	B1 B1	
	(ii)	... that the path leaves A.	B1	
	(iii)	... that if the path arrives at B, then it leaves B.	B1	
	(iv)	Shortest path has length 5. Shortest path is A B E C D F	B1 B1	
	(b) (i)	Max SB+SC st SB<1 SC<4 BC<3 CB<3 BD<4 DB<4 BE<1 EB<1 CD<1 DC<1 CE<1 EC<1 DE<3 ED<3 DT<1 ET<4 SB+CB+DB+EB-BC-BD-BE=0 SC+BC+DC+EC-CB-CD-CE=0 BD+CD+ED-DB-DC-DE-DT=0 BE+CE+DE-EB-EC-ED-ET=0 end	B1 M1 A1  M1 A1  M1 A1 A1	Could be max DT+ET capacities  one correct balance at B and C at D and E

		<p>(ii) Objective value 5</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Variable</th><th>SB</th><th>SC</th><th>BC</th><th>CB</th><th>BD</th><th>DB</th><th>BE</th><th>EB</th><th>CD</th><th>DC</th><th>CE</th><th>EC</th><th>DE</th><th>ED</th><th>DT</th><th>ET</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Value</td><td>1</td><td>4</td><td>0</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>3</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>4</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Max flow is 5</p> <p>Flows as indicated, but note that there is no net flow in either BE/EB or CD/DC.</p>	Variable	SB	SC	BC	CB	BD	DB	BE	EB	CD	DC	CE	EC	DE	ED	DT	ET	Value	1	4	0	3	4	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	4	<p>M1 A1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1 A1</p>	running LP
Variable	SB	SC	BC	CB	BD	DB	BE	EB	CD	DC	CE	EC	DE	ED	DT	ET																						
Value	1	4	0	3	4	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	4																						
		(iii) $S \mid BCDET$ or $SBCDE \mid T$	B1																																			

Question			Answer												Marks	Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	Max $150x_1 + 50x_2 + 250x_3 + 150x_4 + 60x_5 + 60x_6 + 70x_7 + 30x_8 + 15x_9 + 75x_{10} + 15x_{11} + 50x_{12}$ st $9x_1 + 10x_2 + 153x_3 + 60x_4 + 15x_5 + 30x_6 + 11x_7 + 32x_8 + 64x_9 + 80x_{10} + 6x_{11} + 4x_{12} < 350$ end int 12												M1A1	
		(ii)	Objective value 885 Variable $x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3 \quad x_4 \quad x_5 \quad x_6 \quad x_7 \quad x_8 \quad x_9 \quad x_{10} \quad x_{11} \quad x_{12}$ Value 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 Slack on constraint 200 g All packed except the change of clothing and the waterproof clothing.												M1	running
		(iii)	4.1 kg												B1	no marks at this point for slack
		(iv)	Either delete $x_{10}$ from the model, reduce constraint to 2.7 kg, and add waterproof clothing back in at the end, or increase the value of waterproof clothing. Variable $x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3 \quad x_4 \quad x_5 \quad x_6 \quad x_7 \quad x_8 \quad x_9 \quad x_{10} \quad x_{11} \quad x_{12}$ Value 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 Slack on constraint 20 g All packed except fruit, camera and change of clothing. Total load = 3.48 kg												M1	
															A1	
															A1	
															A1	
															A1	

(b)	(i)	Max $150x_1 + 50x_2 + 250x_3 + 150x_4 + 60x_5 + 60x_6 + 70x_7 + 30x_8 + 15x_9 + 75x_{10} + 15x_{11} + 50x_{12}$ st $9x_1 + 10x_2 + 153x_3 + 60x_4 + 15x_5 + 30x_6 + 11x_7 + 32x_8 + 64x_9 + 80x_{10} + 6x_{11} + 4x_{12} < 1500$ $x_1 < 5$ $x_2 < 5$ $x_3 < 5$ $x_4 < 5$ $x_5 < 5$ $x_6 < 5$ $x_7 < 5$ $x_8 < 5$ $x_9 < 5$ $x_{10} < 5$ $x_{11} < 5$ $x_{12} < 5$ end gin 12	B1	RHS changed
	(ii)	Objective value 4275 Variable $x_1$ $x_2$ $x_3$ $x_4$ $x_5$ $x_6$ $x_7$ $x_8$ $x_9$ $x_{10}$ $x_{11}$ $x_{12}$ Value 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 0 0 5 5 Slack on constraint 100 g The porter carries all except cameras, changes of clothing and waterproofs. The load is 14.9 kg.	M1	running



	(iii)	<p>The above simply needs columns I to AU copying down.</p> <p>At the other extreme, less well designed solutions will require 20 hand-generated repetitions.</p>	M1 A1	No marks for sophistication – it is its own reward.
	(iv)	<p>Mean ... should be between 3 and 6.5 ish.</p> <p>Standard deviation ... between 2 and 3.5 or so.</p> <p>Note: Theoretical answers are ...</p> <p>Mean = <math>2.34 \times 2.06 = 4.8204</math></p> <p>Var = <math>2.34 \times 0.9164 + 1.4844 \times 2.06^2 = 8.4436</math></p> <p>StDev = 2.9058</p>	B1 B1	
	(v)	<p>Standard deviation <math>\approx 2.9</math></p> <p>Require n such that <math>2 \times \frac{2.9}{\sqrt{n}} \leq 0.1</math>, i.e. about 3400 repetitions.</p>	M1 M1 A1	Use of SD Use of formula

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