



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

**Wednesday 6 June 2018 – Morning****AS GCE MATHEMATICS (MEI)****4752/01** Concepts for Advanced Mathematics (C2)**QUESTION PAPER**

Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book.

**OCR supplied materials:**

- Printed Answer Book 4752/01
- MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

**Other materials required:**

- Scientific or graphical calculator

**Duration:** 1 hour 30 minutes**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

These instructions are the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- The Question Paper will be found inside the Printed Answer Book.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Printed Answer Book. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- **Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Book.** If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the barcodes.
- You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

This information is the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question on the Question Paper.
- You are advised that an answer may receive **no marks** unless you show sufficient detail of the working to indicate that a correct method is being used.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **72**.
- The Printed Answer Book consists of **16** pages. The Question Paper consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

**INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR**

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**Section A** (36 marks)

- 1 (i) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  when  $y = 6\sqrt{x}$ . [2]  
(ii) Find  $\int 35x^{\frac{5}{2}}dx$ . [3]
- 2 (i) An arithmetic progression (AP) has first term 3.5. The sum of the first 50 terms of the AP is 910. Find the value of the common difference. [2]  
(ii) A geometric progression (GP) has first term 25 and common ratio 1.6. Find the sum of the first 12 terms of the GP, giving your answer correct to the nearest integer. [2]
- 3 A sequence has  $n$ th term  $\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{6}\right)$ .  
(i) Evaluate each of the first four terms of this sequence, giving your answers in exact form. [2]  
(ii) Show that this sequence is periodic, stating the number of terms after which the sequence repeats. [2]
- 4 A sector OAB of a circle centre O has arc length 12 cm and area  $45\text{ cm}^2$ . Find the radius of the circle in centimetres and the sector angle in radians. Hence find the area of the segment bounded by the chord AB and the arc AB. [5]

- 5 Fig. 5.1 shows the cross-section of a bus shelter, with measurements of the height, in metres, taken at 0.5 m intervals from O. O is at the front of the shelter.

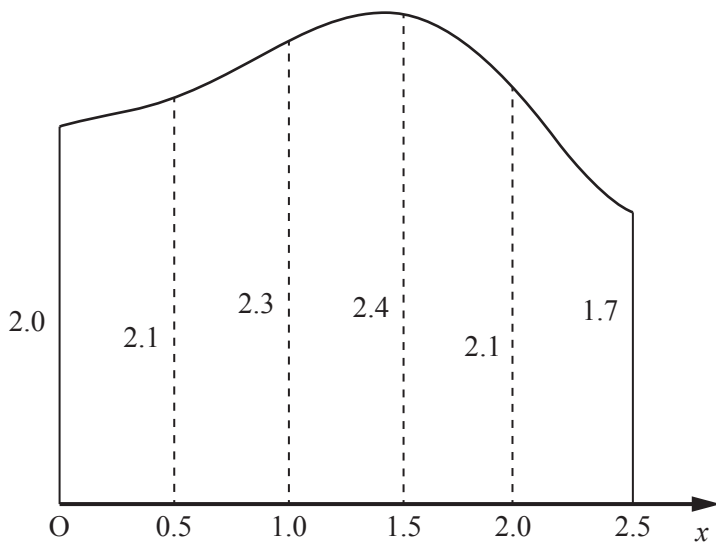


Fig. 5.1

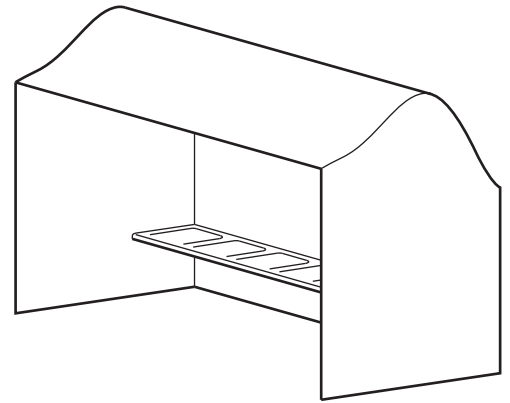


Fig. 5.2

Fig. 5.2 shows a sketch of the shelter, which has two identical side walls and a back wall but no front wall. The length of the shelter is 3.5 m. The outsides of the walls are to be painted. A litre of the type of paint to be used covers  $15 \text{ m}^2$ . Use the trapezium rule with 5 strips to calculate an estimate of the area of a side wall. Hence find the amount of paint that will be needed. [5]

- 6 You are given that  $\cos \theta + 5 = 6 \sin^2 \theta$  and that  $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$ . Show that  $6 \cos^2 \theta + \cos \theta - 1 = 0$  and hence find the values of  $\theta$  satisfying this equation. [5]
- 7 Use logarithms to solve the equation  $5^{x+2} = 3^x$ , showing your method and giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures. [3]
- 8 An arithmetic progression (AP) and geometric progression (GP) both have the same second term, which is 40. They also have the same fourth term, 250.
- (i) Find the first term of the AP. [2]
- (ii) Find the possible values of the first term of the GP. [3]

## Section B (36 marks)

9

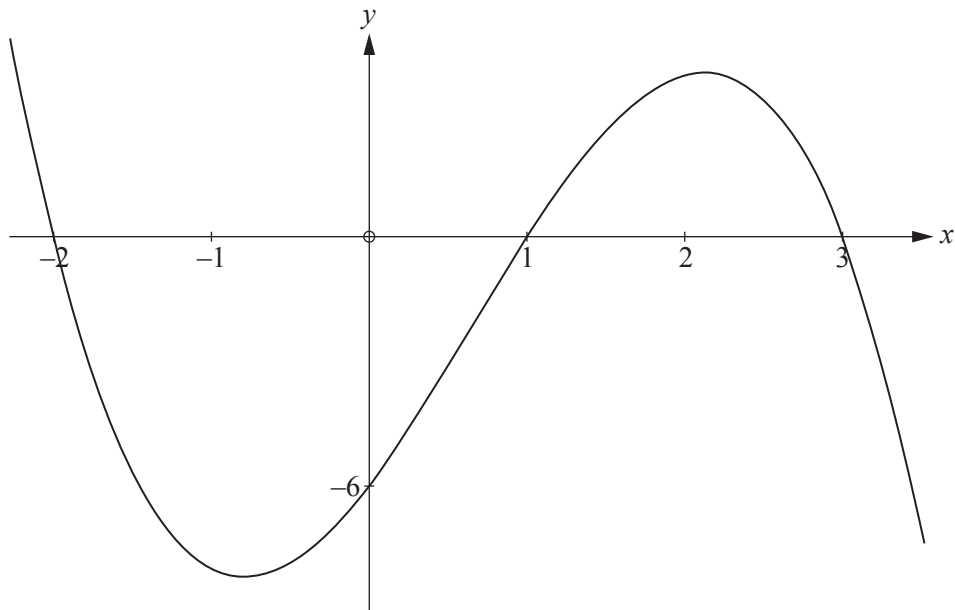


Fig. 9

Fig. 9 shows the curve  $y = f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + 5x - 6$ .

- (i) Use calculus to find  $\int_{-2}^1 (-x^3 + 2x^2 + 5x - 6) dx$  and state what this represents. [5]
- (ii) Find the  $x$ -coordinates of the turning points of the curve  $y = f(x)$ , giving your answers in exact form. Hence state the set of values of  $x$  for which  $f(x)$  is a decreasing function. [5]
- (iii) You are given that  $g(x) = f(2x)$ . State the  $x$ -coordinates of the turning points of the curve  $y = g(x)$  and also the coordinates of the curve's intersection with the  $y$ -axis. [2]

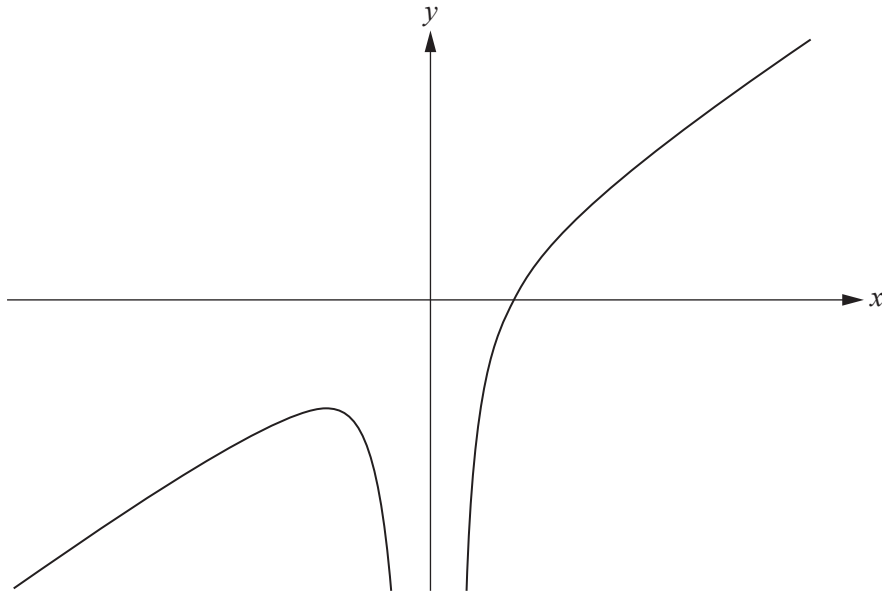
**Fig. 10**

Fig. 10 is a sketch of the graph of  $y = x - \frac{1}{2x^2}$ .

- (i) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  and show that  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -\frac{3}{x^4}$ . [2]
- (ii) Show that this curve has only one turning point and verify that it is a maximum. [3]
- (iii) (A) Show that the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point where  $x = 1$  is  $y = 2x - 1.5$ . [3]
- (B) Show that where this tangent meets the curve,  $2x^3 - 3x^2 + 1 = 0$ . Hence find the coordinates of the point where this tangent meets the curve again. [4]

- 11** This question is about the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of China.  $G$ , in billions of US dollars, is the GDP in year  $t$  after 2010. So, for example,  $t = 5$  gives the year 2015.

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
$t$	1	2	3	4	5
GDP ( $G$ billion US\$)	7573	8561	9607	10482	11010

$G$  can be modelled by the equation

$$G = 6100 \times \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^t, \text{ where } r\% \text{ is a constant representing the average annual growth rate of the GDP.}$$

- (i) What does the 6100 in this equation represent? [1]
- (ii) Use logarithms to show that, using this model, a graph of  $\log_{10} G$  against  $t$  will be a straight line. [2]
- (iii) Complete the table in the answer book and plot the points on the grid provided. Draw by eye a line of best fit. [3]
- (iv) Use your line of best fit to estimate the value of  $r$ . [4]
- (v) Hence estimate the GDP of China in 2018, showing your method. Comment on the reliability of this estimate. [2]

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

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