



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

# Thursday 16 May 2019 – Afternoon

## GCSE (9–1) Computer Science

### J276/02 Computational thinking, algorithms and programming

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes



**Do not use:**

- a calculator



Please write clearly in black ink. **Do not write in the barcodes.**

Centre number

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Candidate number

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First name(s)

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Last name

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### INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **80**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [ ].
- This document consists of **24** pages.



No calculator can  
be used for this  
paper

2

Answer **all** the questions.

- 1 (a) A radio station records an interview with a computer scientist using a computer and audio recording software.

- (i) Explain how sampling is used to store audio recordings.

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..... [2]

A second interview with the computer scientist is recorded. Before this interview, the sampling frequency in the audio software is increased.

- (ii) Define what is meant by the term **sampling frequency**.

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..... [1]



4

- (ii) Explain why computers represent data in binary form.

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..... [2]

The image is compressed using lossy compression before being uploaded to the radio station's web server. The image will be used on the radio station's website.

- (iii) Describe **one** advantage and **one** disadvantage of using lossy compression on the image that will be used on the website.

Advantage .....

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Disadvantage .....

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..... [4]

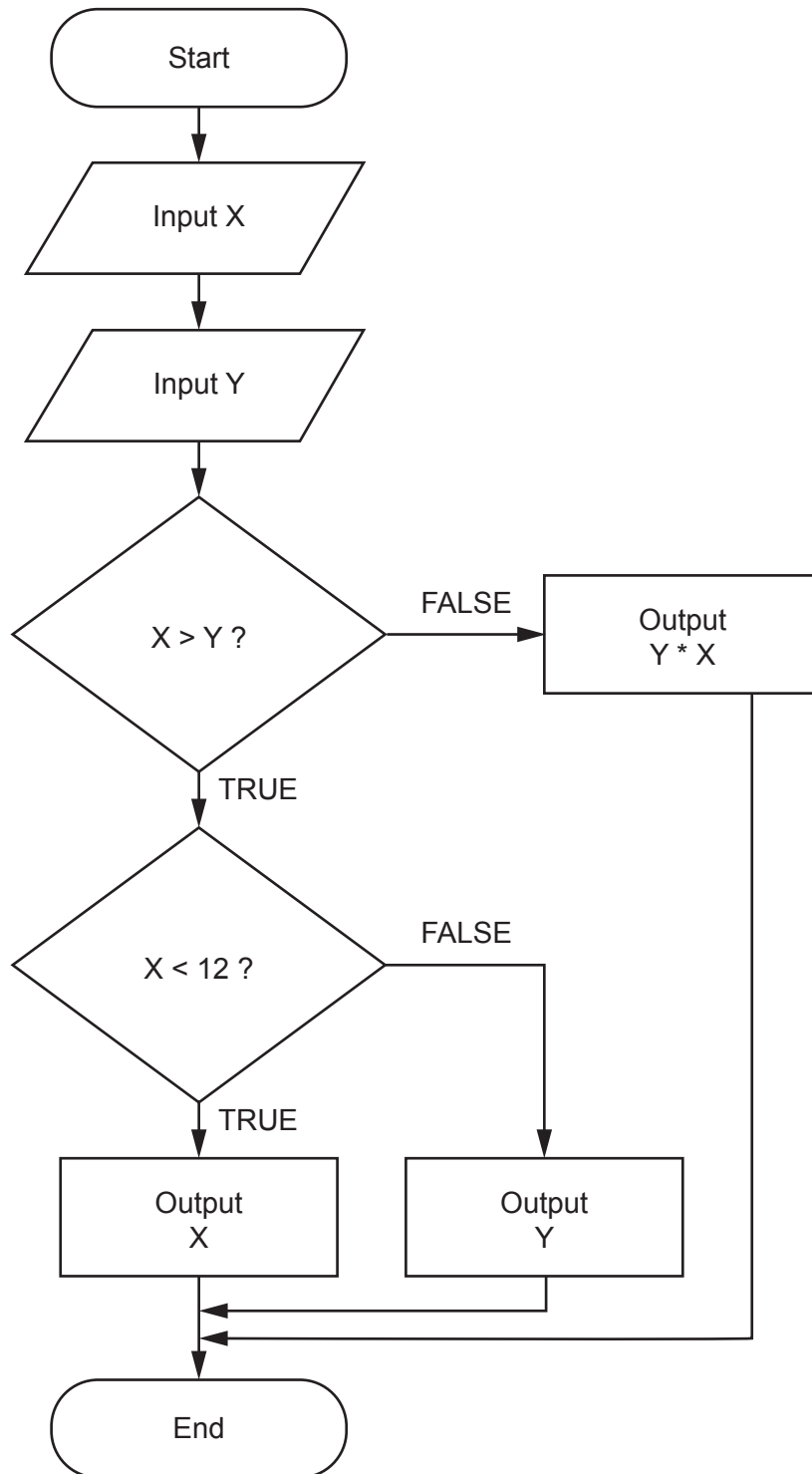
5

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6

2 A programmer creates an algorithm using a flow chart.





8

The algorithm is written in a high-level language. The high level code must be translated into machine code before a computer processor can execute it.

(c) Describe **two** methods of translating high level code into machine code.

- 1 .....
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- .....
- 2 .....
- .....
- .....
- .....
- .....
- .....
- ..... [4]

- 3 Louise writes a program to work out if a number entered by the user is odd or even. Her first attempt at this program is shown.

```
01 num = input("enter a number")
02 if num MOD 2 >= 0 then
03     print("even")
04 else
05     pritrn("odd")
06 endif
```

- (a) The program contains a logic error on line **02**.

- (i) State what is meant by a logic error.

.....  
..... [1]

- (ii) Give a corrected version of line **02** that fixes the logic error.

.....  
..... [1]

- (b) The program contains a syntax error on line **05**.

- (i) State what is meant by a syntax error.

.....  
..... [1]

- (ii) Give a corrected version of line **05** that fixes the syntax error.

.....  
..... [1]

- 4 Elliott plays football for OCR FC. He wants to create a program to store the results of each football match they play and the names of the goal scorers. Elliott wants individual players from the team to be able to submit this information.

(a) (i) Define what is meant by **abstraction**.

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..... [2]

(ii) Give **one** example of how abstraction could be used when developing this program.

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..... [1]

(b) Describe **two** examples of defensive design that should be considered when developing this program.

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..... [4]

## 11

The number of goals scored in each football match is held in an array called `goals`. An example of this array is shown.

```
goals = [0, 1, 3, 0, 4, 5, 2, 0, 2, 1]
```

Elliott wants to count how many matches end with 0 goals.

- (c) Complete the following pseudocode for an algorithm to count up how many matches with 0 goals are stored in the array and then print out this value.

```
01 nogoalscount = 0
02 for count = 0 to (goals.length-1)
03     if goals[.....] == 0 then
04         nogoalscount .....
05     endif
06 next count
07 print(.....)
```

[3]

- 5 (a) Convert the hexadecimal number **A3** to denary. Show your working.

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..... [2]

- (b) Convert the binary number **1011011** to denary. Show your working.

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..... [2]

- (c) The symbol  $^$  is used for exponentiation.

Give the result of  $a^b$  when  $a = 3$  and  $b = 2$ .

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..... [1]

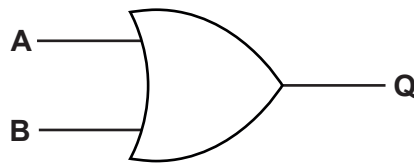
13

(d) Add the following binary numbers.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 10110110 \\
 + \quad 100111 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

[2]

(e) Complete the truth table for the following logic gate.



A	B	Q
0	0	0
0	1	1
	0	
1		

[4]



15

- (ii) Tick (✓) **one** box to identify the data type of the value returned from the function `ticketprice()`, justifying your choice.

Data type of returned value	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box
Integer	
Real	
Boolean	
String	

Justification .....

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[2]

- (b) OCR Land regularly emails discount codes to customers. Each discount code includes a check digit as the last character.

- (i) Give **one** benefit of using a check digit for the discount code.

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..... [1]

- (c) A list of valid discount codes is shown below.

[NIC12B, LOR11S, STU12M, VIC08E, KEI99M, WES56O, DAN34S]

- (i) State **one** reason why a binary search would not be able to be used with this data.

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..... [1]

- (ii) Give the name of **one** searching algorithm that would be able to be used with this data.

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..... [1]

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- (d) OCR Land keeps track of the size of queues on its rides by storing them in an array with the identifier `queuesize`. It uses the following bubble sort algorithm to put these queue sizes into ascending numerical order.

```

01  swaps = True

02  while swaps

03      swaps = False

04      for p = 0 to queuesize.length-2

05          if queuesize[p] > queuesize[p+1] then

06              temp = queuesize[p]

07              queuesize[p] = queuesize[p+1]

08              queuesize[p+1] = temp

09              swaps = True

10          endif

11      next p

12  endwhile

```

- (i) Explain the purpose of the Boolean variable `swaps` in this bubble sort algorithm.

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..... [2]

- (ii) Explain the purpose of lines **06** to **08** in this bubble sort algorithm.

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- (iii) Describe **one** way that the maintainability of this algorithm could be improved.

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..... [2]

- (iv) Give the names of **two** other sorting algorithms that could be used instead of bubble sort.

1 .....

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2 .....

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[2]

- (e) One ride in OCR Land has a minimum height of 140 cm to ride alone or 120 cm to ride with an adult.

Create an algorithm that:

- asks the user to input the height of the rider, in centimetres
- if needed, asks if they are riding with an adult
- outputs whether or not they are allowed to ride
- repeats this process until 8 people have been allowed to ride.

This image shows a full page of a handwriting practice worksheet. It consists of multiple rows of horizontal dashed lines spaced evenly down the page, providing a guide for letter height and placement. The background is plain white, and there are no other markings or text present.

[8]



This image shows a full page of primary-ruled paper. It features a vertical solid line on the left side, creating a narrow margin. The rest of the page is filled with horizontal dashed lines, providing a guide for handwriting practice. There are no markings or text on the page.

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