



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

GCSE (9–1) Geography B (Geography for Enquiring Minds)

J384/02 People and Society

Tuesday 5 June 2018 – Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes


You must have:

- the Resource Booklet (inserted)

You may use:

- a scientific or graphical calculator
- a ruler (cm/mm)



First name

Last name

Centre
numberCandidate
number

INSTRUCTIONS

- The separate Resource Booklet will be found inside this document.
- Use black ink. You may use an HB pencil for graphs and diagrams.
- Complete the boxes above with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the barcodes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **70**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of written responses will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- Spelling, punctuation and grammar and the use of specialist terminology (SPaG) will be assessed in questions marked with a pencil (✎).
- This document consists of **12** pages.

SECTION A

Answer **all** the questions.

Urban Futures

- 1 Study **Fig. 1** in the separate Resource Booklet, an OS map extract which shows the site for Halsnead planned garden village in Merseyside, England.

- (a) (i) What is the name of the existing housing area in grid squares 4790 and 4791?

Circle the correct answer

Blundell's Hill **Holt** **Rainhill** **Whiston** [1]

- (ii) What is the approximate area of the site for the planned garden village of Halsnead?

Circle the correct answer

0.5Km² **1.5Km²** **2.5Km²** **3.5Km²** [1]

- (b) Study **Fig. 2** in the separate Resource Booklet, which shows the plan for Halsnead garden village.

Use **Fig. 2** to suggest **two** pull factors which may attract people to live in Halsnead.

1

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2

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[2]

- (c) The planned garden village of Halsnead is an example of suburbanisation.

Which of the following is the correct meaning of the term suburbanisation?

- A** Improving the quality of life in inner city areas
- B** Increase in the amount of people living in urban areas
- C** People moving from rural areas to urban areas
- D** The growth of urban areas as they expand outwards

Write the correct letter in the box.

[1]

3

(d) State **two** causes of suburbanisation in ACs.

1

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2

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[2]

(e) **CASE STUDY – ways of life in cities**

For an **Advanced Country (AC) city** you have studied, explain how international migration has changed the character of the city.

Name of AC city:

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2 Dynamic Development

(a) Study the data table below which shows measures of development for four African countries.

Country	GNI per capita (\$)	Literacy Rate %	Life Expectancy (Years)	Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000)
Cameroon	3,070	75.0	58.5	52.2
Chad	2,110	40.2	50.2	87.0
Gabon	18,880	83.2	52.1	45.1
Niger	950	19.1	55.5	82.8

(i) Which country has the lowest life expectancy?

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(ii) Calculate the mean for GNI per capita.

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(b) The country of Gabon is classified as an **Emerging and Developing Country (EDC)**.

Use **one** piece of data from the table above to explain why.

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(a) (i) Study **Fig. 3**, a map showing mean annual rainfall for the UK.

A Northern Ireland has the lowest levels of rainfall

C The highest levels of rainfall are in the South and East of the UK

Write the correct letter in the box.

[1]

1

2

[2]

Why will the South East of England be an area of severe water stress in the future?

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[4]

7

(b) Evaluate the importance of the UK's role in **one** example of a global conflict.

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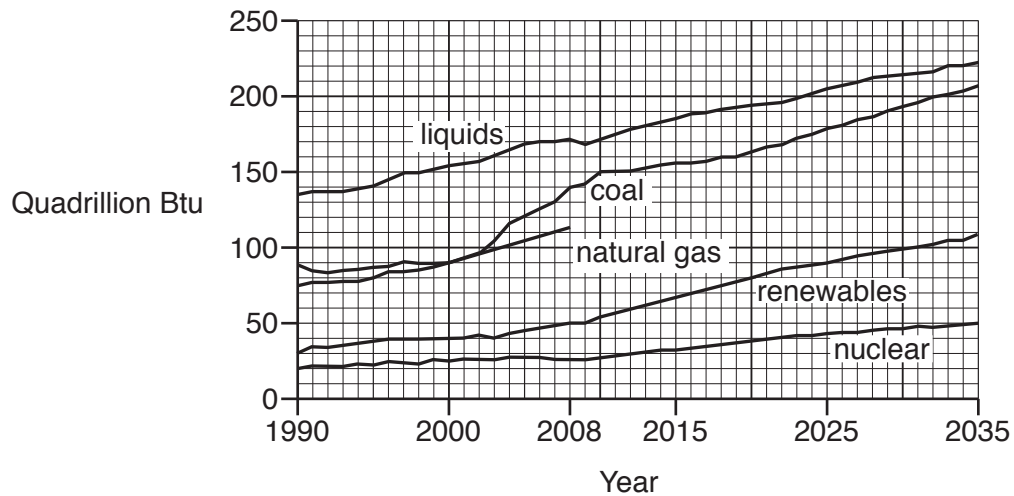
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4 Resource Reliance

(a) The line graph below shows world energy consumption by fuel from 1990 to 2035.



(i) Use the following data to complete the line for natural gas from 2008 to 2035. [1]

2015: 120 (Quadrillion Btu)

2025: 150

2035: 175

(ii) Explain how mining can affect ecosystems.

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- (b) Study **Fig. 5**, a world map showing food security risk index by country.

Describe the pattern for countries with the lowest level of food security risk.

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- (c) **CASE STUDY – food security**

For a country you have studied, explain how food security is achieved by **one** method at a local scale.

Country studied:

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SECTION B

Answer **all** the questions.

Human Geography Fieldwork

- 5 (a) Study **Fig. 6** in the separate Resource Booklet, a photograph showing traffic congestion in the city of Norwich.

State **two** ways this photograph could be used in a human geography investigation.

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[2]

- (b) As part of a students' fieldwork investigation, they counted the number of cyclists approaching a main road into Norwich. The results are shown in the table below.

Site Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cyclists counted	19	22	15	18	26	27	25	23	5	8	12

Calculate the lower quartile value of the dataset.
You must show your working out.

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- (c) For a human geography fieldwork investigation which you have completed, justify **one** technique you used to present your data.

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