

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
GCSE

B392/01

METHODS IN MATHEMATICS

Methods in Mathematics 2
(Foundation Tier)

FRIDAY 13 NOVEMBER 2015: Morning

DURATION: 1 hour 30 minutes
plus your additional time allowance

MODIFIED ENLARGED 24pt

Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
-----------------------	--	----------------------	--

Centre number						Candidate number				
------------------	--	--	--	--	--	---------------------	--	--	--	--

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

None

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

Scientific or graphical calculator

Geometrical instruments

Tracing paper (optional)

You are permitted to use a calculator for this paper

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes on the first page. Please write clearly and in capital letters.

Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.

Answer **ALL** the questions.

Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.

Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.

Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

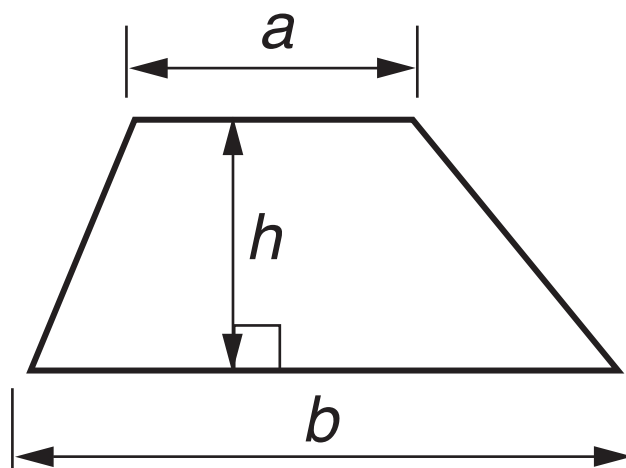
Your quality of written communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).

The total number of marks for this paper is **90**.

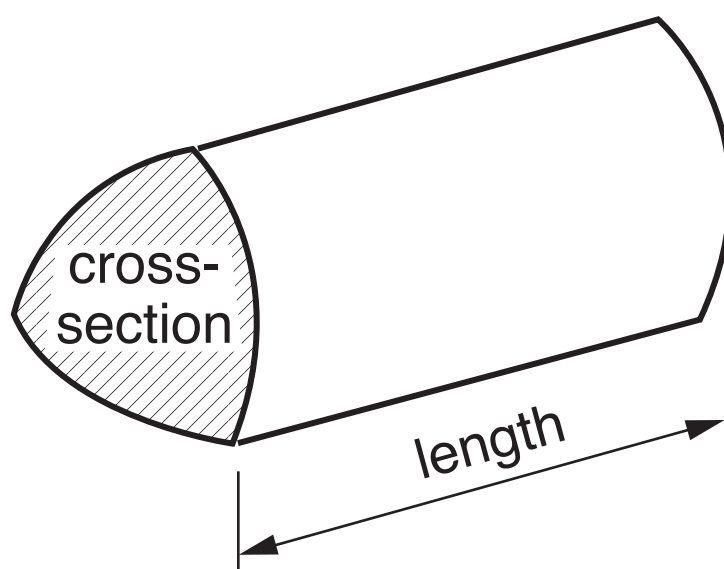
Any blank pages are indicated.

Formulae Sheet: Foundation Tier

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2} (a + b)h$

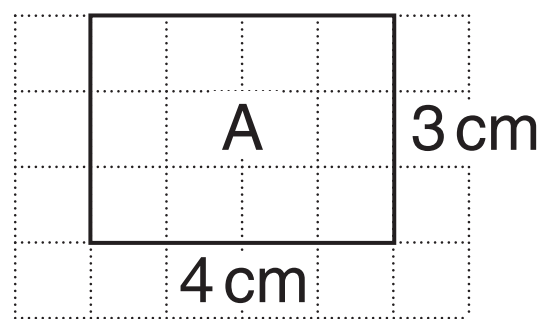


Volume of prism =
(area of cross-section) \times length



Answer **ALL** the questions.

1 Rectangle A has length 4 cm and width 3 cm.



(a) Work out the perimeter of rectangle A.

(a) _____ cm [1]

(b) (i) Draw a different rectangle which has the **SAME PERIMETER** as rectangle A.
Write the length and width on your rectangle. [2]



(ii) Work out the area of your rectangle.

(b)(ii) _____ cm² [1]

2 (a) Write down the next term and describe the term-to-term rule for each of these sequences.

SEQUENCE	TERM-TO-TERM RULE
100, 93, 86, 79,	
2, 8, 32, 128,	

[4]

(b) These are the first six terms of the Fibonacci sequence.

1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8

Each term is the previous two terms added together. So the 3rd term is the 1st and 2nd terms added together, the 4th term is the 2nd and 3rd terms added together and so on.

Work out the next three numbers in the sequence.

(b) 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, _____, _____, _____ [2]

- 3

(a) Complete.

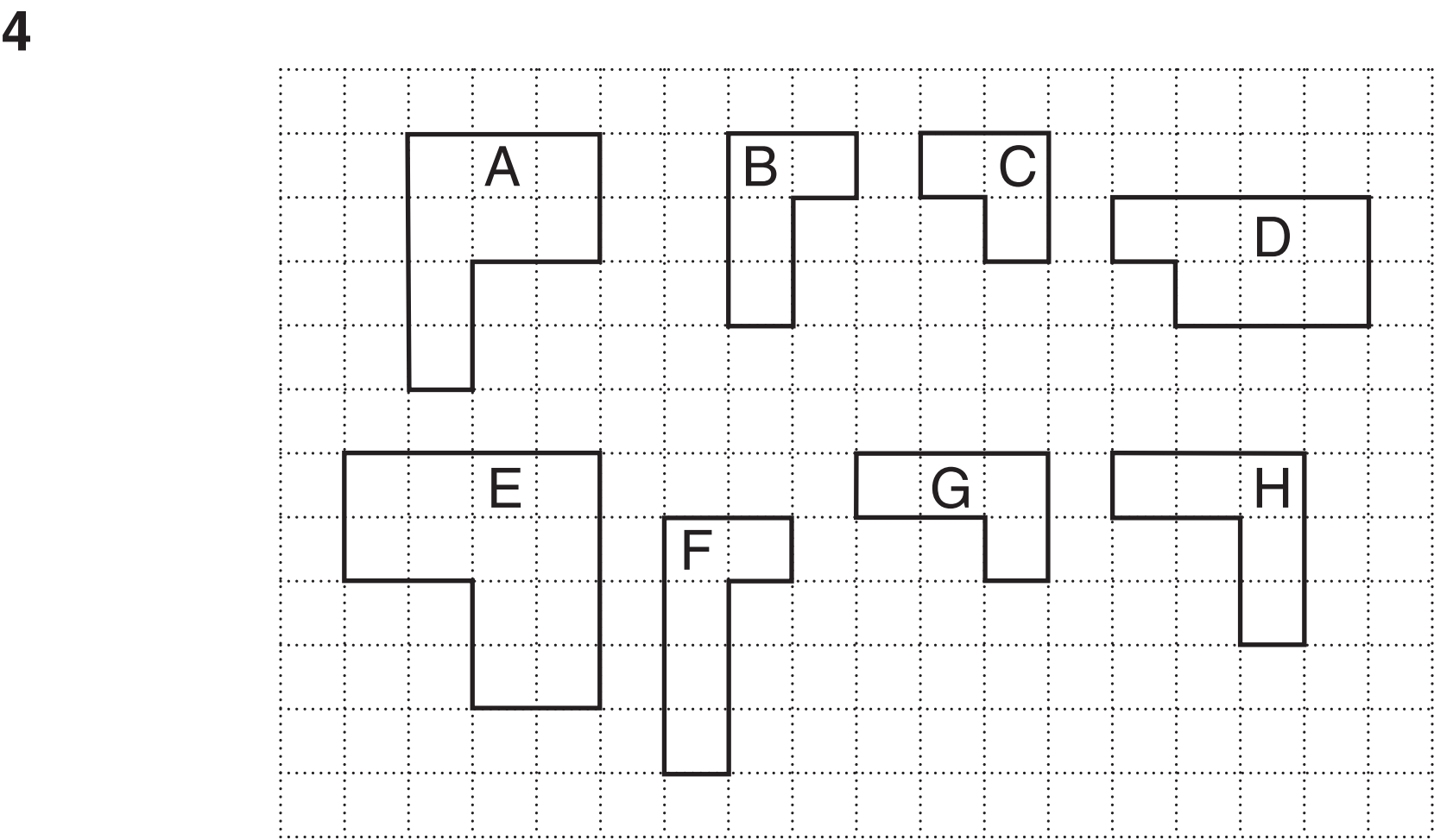
(i) The cube of 17 is _____ [1]

(ii) The square root of 225 is _____ [1]

(b) Calculate.

(14.7 + 8.9)(14.7 – 8.9)

(b) _____ [2]



- (a) Which two shapes are congruent?

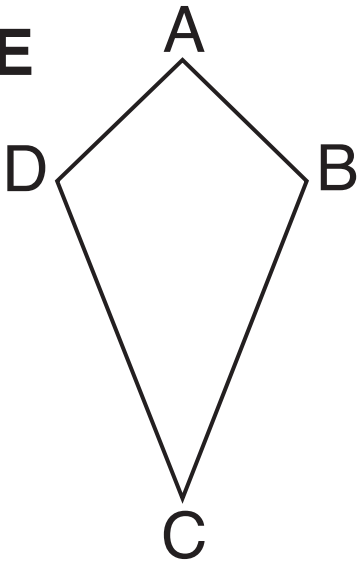
(a) _____ and _____ [1]

(b) Which two shapes are similar but **NOT** congruent?

(b) _____ and _____ [1]

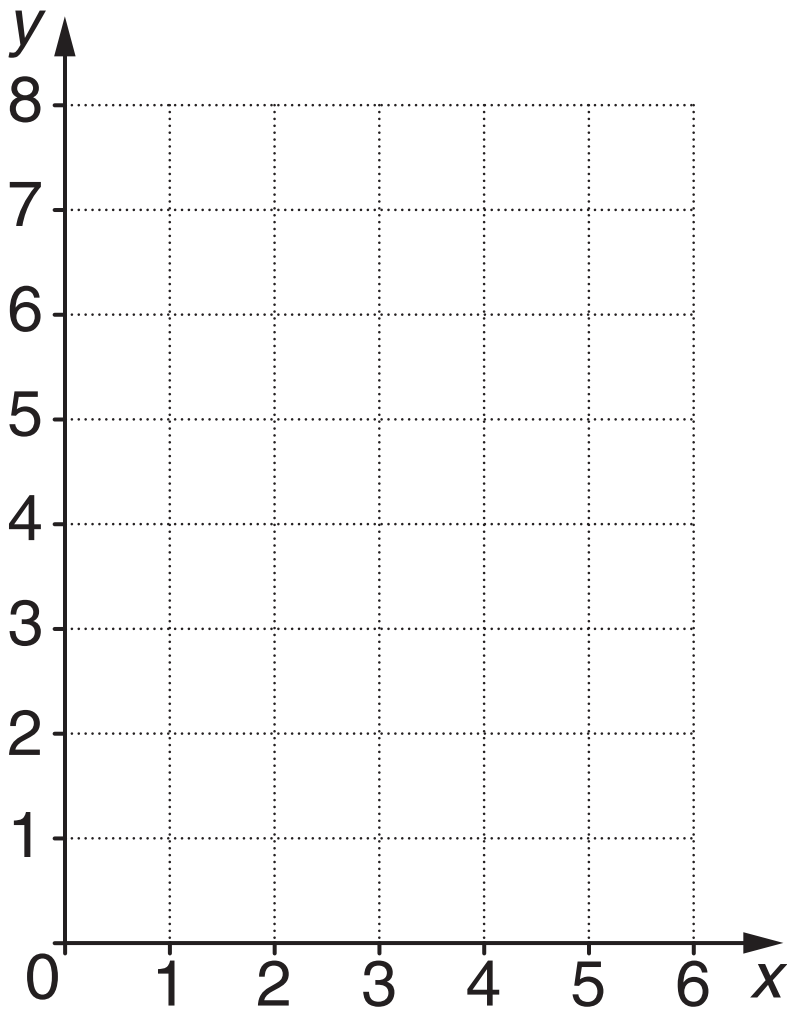
5 ABCD is a kite.

NOT TO SCALE



The coordinates of A are (2, 7) and the coordinates of B are (4, 5).
The midpoint of the line AC is (2, 4).

Work out the coordinates of C and D. You may use the grid below to help you.



C (_____ , _____)

D (_____ , _____) [4]

6* Jenny is buying cakes and drinks for 20 children.
The cakes and drinks are sold in boxes.

A box of 4 cakes costs £1.30 and a box of 6 cakes costs £1.80.
A box of 5 drinks costs £1.75.

Jenny wants to buy exactly 20 cakes and 20 drinks. She wants to
spend the minimum amount of money.

Work out how much Jenny spends altogether.

£ _____ **[5]**

7 This is a list of six fractions.

$\frac{1}{10}$

$\frac{1}{5}$

$\frac{3}{8}$

$\frac{3}{5}$

$\frac{2}{3}$

$\frac{3}{4}$

For each description in the table choose a fraction from the list which matches the description. Justify your choices.
The first one is done for you.

DESCRIPTION	FRACTION	JUSTIFICATION	
A fraction equivalent to 60%	$\frac{3}{5}$	$60\% = \frac{60}{100} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$	
(a) A fraction equivalent to $\frac{15}{40}$			[2]
(b) A fraction that is a recurring decimal			[2]
(c) A fraction which is double another fraction in the list.			[2]

- 8** Botley community association uses a formula $C = 8n + 15$ to work out the hire charge, £ C , for hiring a room for n hours.

(a) How much does it cost to hire the room for 3 hours?

(a) £ _____ [2]

(b) Rearrange the formula $C = 8n + 15$ to make n the subject.

(b) $n =$ _____ [2]

(c) Mia spent £55 on hiring the hall.

For how many hours did she hire the hall?

(c) _____ hours [2]

9 (a) This is an inequality.

$$15n - 10 > 80$$

Which of these values of n is a solution of this inequality?
Write *yes* or *no* under each value.

$$n = 5$$

$$n = 5.5$$

$$n = 6$$

$$n = 6.5$$

$$n = 7$$

[2]

(b) Solve.

(i) $\frac{x}{4} = 20$

(b)(i) $x =$ _____ **[1]**

(ii) $5(x + 4) = 30$

(ii) $x =$ _____ **[2]**

10 Work out.

(a) (i) 5% of £290

(a)(i) £ _____ **[2]**

(ii) 18% of £42.50

(ii) £ _____ **[2]**

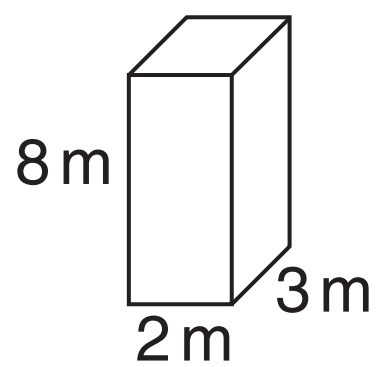
(b) There are 300 pupils at Shore Primary School.
240 pupils walk to school.

What percentage of the pupils walk to school?

(b) _____ % **[2]**

TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 11

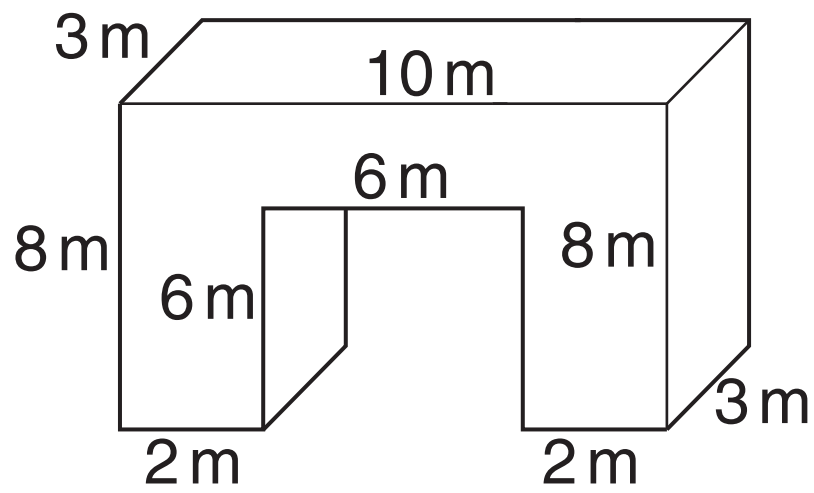
11 (a)



Work out the volume of this cuboid.

(a) _____ m^3 **[2]**

- (b)** This prism is in the shape of an arch. All the edges are either horizontal or vertical.



Work out the volume of the prism.

(b) _____ m^3 [4]

12 (a) Calculate.

(i) $24 \div \frac{1}{4}$

(a)(i) _____ **[2]**

(ii) $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$

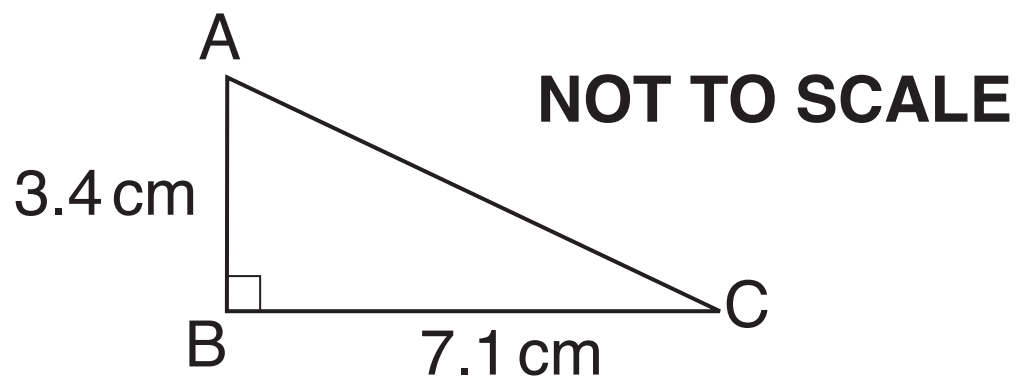
(ii) _____ **[1]**

(b) Fill in the missing numbers in this fraction calculation. The missing numbers are whole numbers.

$$\frac{22}{35} \times \frac{25}{32} = \frac{\boxed{}}{7} \times \frac{5}{16} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$$

[2]

- 13** ABC is a right-angled triangle.
AB = 3.4 cm and BC = 7.1 cm.

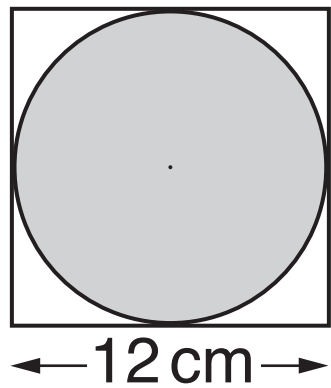


Calculate the length AC.

_____ cm **[3]**

- 14 Andy drew a circle of radius 6 cm. He then drew a square around the circle so that the sides just touched the circle. He shaded the circle.

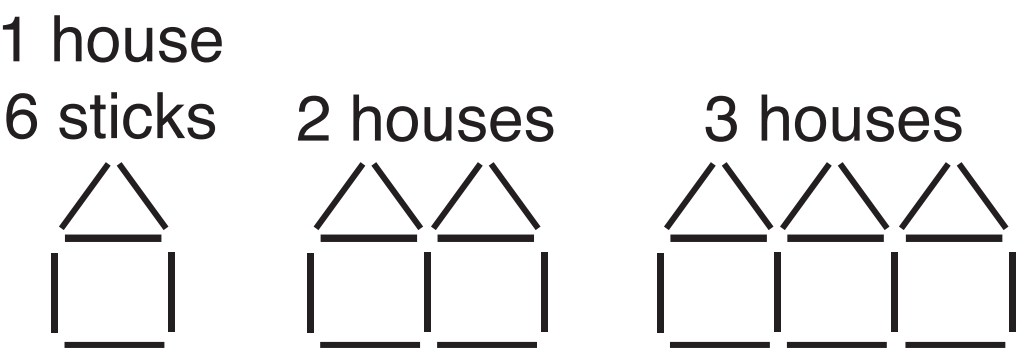
Andy said: About $\frac{3}{4}$ of the square is shaded.



Decide if Andy is correct. You must fully justify your answer.

[6]

15* Kezia is using sticks to make a sequence of house patterns. One house uses 6 sticks.



Kezia has 100 sticks to make one pattern in the sequence.

What is the greatest number of houses she can have in her pattern?

You must explain your reasoning.

[4]

16 (a) Reduce this ratio to its simplest form.

24 : 12 : 40

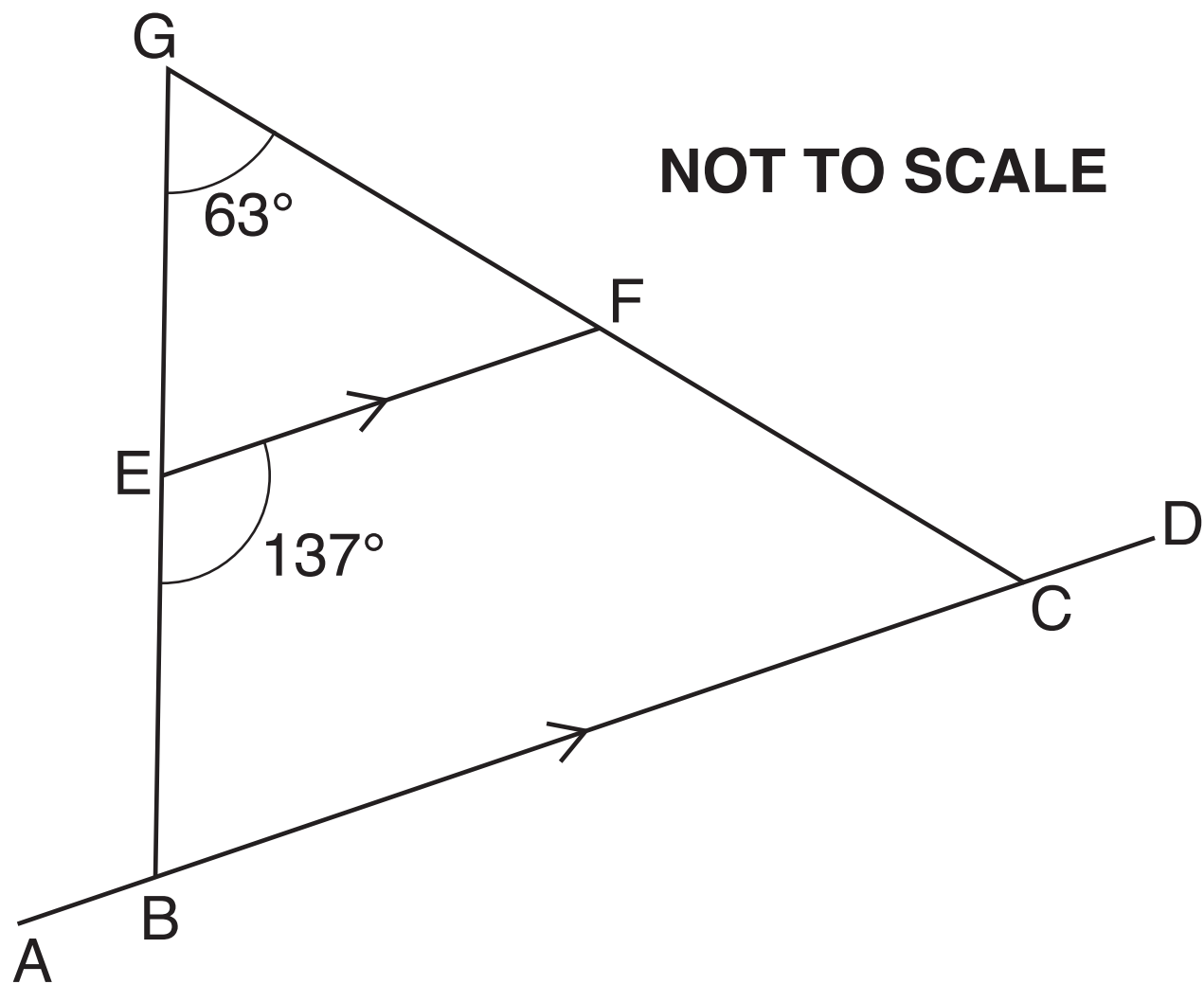
(a) _____ **[2]**

(b) The sides of a triangle are in the ratio 3 : 4 : 5.
The shortest side of the triangle is 21 cm.

Find the perimeter of the triangle.

(b) _____ cm **[2]**

17* In the diagram GB and GC are straight lines. E is on GB and F is on GC. EF is parallel to ABCD. Angle EGF = 63° and angle BEF = 137° .



Calculate angle BCF, giving a reason for each angle you calculate.

[4]

18 Bob has some 1p coins and some 2p coins.
He has 35p altogether.
He has 25 coins altogether.
Bob uses x to stand for the number of 1p coins and y to stand for the number of 2p coins.

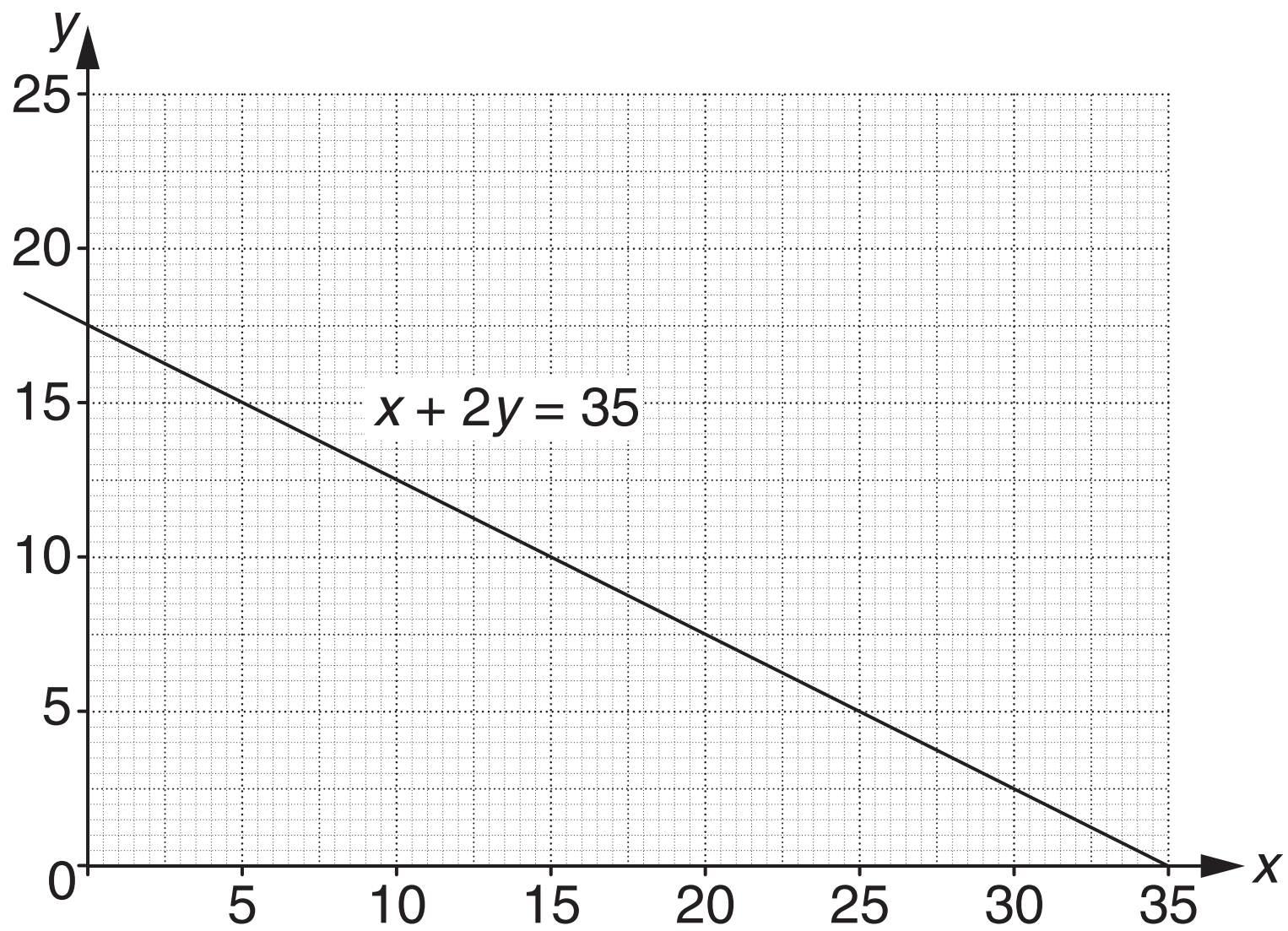
(a) Explain why the equation $x + 2y = 35$ is true for Bob's coins.

_____ **[1]**

(b) Write another equation that is true for Bob's coins.

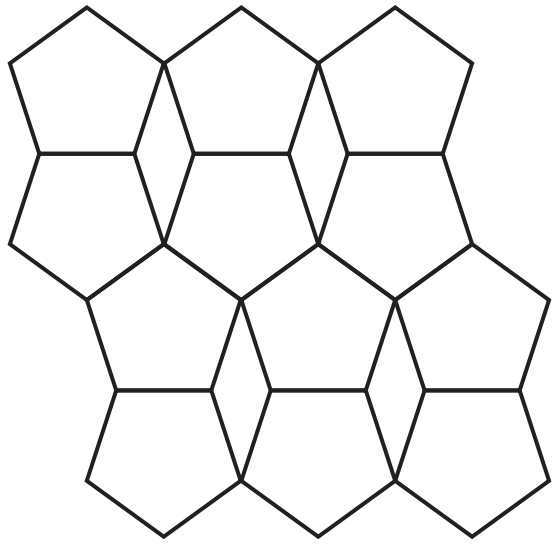
(b) _____ **[1]**

(c) Find the values of x and y . You may use the graph below.



(c) $x =$ _____, $y =$ _____ [3]

19 The tiling pattern below is made of pentagons and rhombuses.



All the pentagons are regular and congruent.

All the rhombuses are congruent.

Each rhombus has two different sizes of angle in it.

Calculate the sizes of the angles in each rhombus.

_____° , _____° [5]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

BLANK PAGE

Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

