



GCSE

Further Additional Science B

Unit **B762/02**: Modules B6, C6, P6 (Higher Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2017

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations used in scoris

Annotation	Meaning
	correct response
	incorrect response
BOD	benefit of the doubt
NBOD	benefit of the doubt not given
ECF	error carried forward
	information omitted
I	ignore
R	reject
CON	contradiction

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

- / = alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
- (1) = separates marking points
- allow** = answers that can be accepted
- not** = answers which are not worthy of credit
- reject** = answers which are not worthy of credit
- ignore** = statements which are irrelevant
- () = words which are not essential to gain credit
- = underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark (although not correctly spelt unless otherwise stated)
- ecf = error carried forward
- AW = alternative wording
- ora = or reverse argument

MARK SCHEME

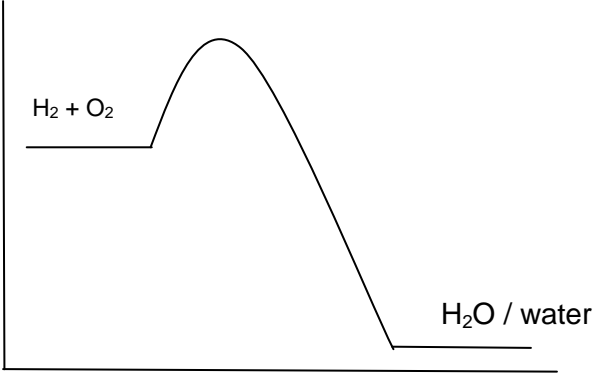
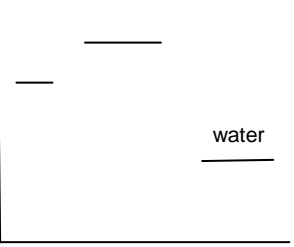
Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance										
1 a	number of new varieties approved for testing: increased up until 2002 (1) decreased after 2002 (1)	2	allow it increase up to 1995 (1) 1 mark for description with no data										
b	Clare (1) because the graph is (only) about testing (1)	2	If name other than Clare then zero for question										
c i	resistance to pests and infections (1)	1	allow other unambiguous indication, e.g. underlining more than one answer = 0 marks										
ii	(totals add up to) 27(%) / (17 +1 + 4 + 5 =) 27(%) (1)	1	allow reference to all the resistance figures adding up to more than the herbicide tolerance / 24% allow idea that the total of theresistance figures is the largest percentage										
d	<table border="1"><tr><td>3</td><td>cut open the DNA of a new plant</td></tr><tr><td>(1)</td><td>identify the desired gene in a plant</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>insert the desired gene into the DNA</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>remove the desired gene from the DNA</td></tr><tr><td>(5)</td><td>the desired gene works in the new plant</td></tr></table> all correct (1)	3	cut open the DNA of a new plant	(1)	identify the desired gene in a plant	4	insert the desired gene into the DNA	2	remove the desired gene from the DNA	(5)	the desired gene works in the new plant	1	
3	cut open the DNA of a new plant												
(1)	identify the desired gene in a plant												
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(5)	the desired gene works in the new plant												
	Total	7											

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2 a	(springtail population) will increase (1) plus any one from more fungi to eat / beetles are not eating the fungi (1) no / less predation / AW (1)	2	If answer is decrease then zero for question ignore less food for them allow increase because beetles feed on the springtails (2)
b	any two from many different ways of feeding (1) idea that they can consume many different foods / have different energy sources (1) they can make their own food / can photosynthesise (1) they can tolerate wide temperature variations / are extremophiles / tolerates extreme conditions (1)	2	ignore nutrients ignore nutrients ignore can live in a wide range of conditions allow they can evolve / adapt quickly (1) ignore they can reproduce quickly
c i	he was (now) a famous author / idea that he was (now) a respected scientist / people had enjoyed his previous book(s) / idea that it was a more useful book for many people (had a practical use) / it is a less complex topic / idea that it is a less controversial topic (1)	1	 ignore it was more interesting ignore more people could read

ii	<p>[Level 3] Description AND explanation of at least two activities. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level. (5 – 6 marks)</p> <p>[Level 2] Description AND explanation one activity. Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level. (3 – 4 marks)</p> <p>[Level 1] Description of at least one activity. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level. (1 – 2 marks)</p> <p>[Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit. (0 marks)</p>	6	<p>This question is targeted at grades up to A*</p> <p>Indicative scientific points may include:</p> <p>description of what earthworms do</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bury dead material • break material into smaller pieces • aerate / drain soil • mix up soil layers • neutralise acid soil <p>explanation of why their actions are so important</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • burying dead material means it can add minerals / nutrients as it decays • breaking down the material into small pieces allows it to decay faster • aerating / draining soil means that oxygen can get to soil organisms and plant roots for respiration • mixing up soil layers spreads minerals / nutrients / means the depth of fertile soil increases • neutralising acid soil means more plants can grow <p>Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris; do not use ticks.</p>
	Total	11	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(biological) washing powder contains protease/enzyme (1) protease/enzyme digests egg white / protein (1) protease/enzyme works best in water / in B (1) the protease/enzyme is denatured by acid/alkali / C / D (1) but the protease/enzyme is denatured more by the acid than the alkali / more in C than in D (2)	4	allows breaks down / breaks up (1) allow low / high pH but if linked to a tube this must be correct allow more by low pH than high pH
	Total	4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4 a	virus injects / inserts its DNA / genetic material (1) idea that the virus uses the bacterial cell to make new viruses (1)	2	ignore virus enters the cell ignore just reproduces inside the cell
b	idea of preventing the development of bacterial resistance (1)	1	allow idea that particular bacteria may already be resistant allow idea that patient may be recovering on their own allow patient may be allergic to antibiotic treatment allow antibiotics / they can increase the number of resistant bacteria ignore immune
	Total	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5 a	$2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ correct formulae (1) balancing - conditional on correct formulae (1)	2	allow any correct multiple including fractions e.g. $4\text{H}_2 + 2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (2) allow = or \rightleftharpoons for arrow not 'and' or & for + allow one mark for correct balanced equation with minor errors in case, subscript and superscript e.g. $2\text{h}_2 + \text{O}^2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{o}$ (1)
b	 <p>graph rises initially (to show activation energy) (1)</p> <p>graph levels off at a lower energy than $\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2$ and this energy level is labelled with water (1)</p>	2	Allow (2) 

c	<p>any two from:</p> <p>(fuel cell) may contain poisonous<u>catalysts</u> that have to be disposed of (1)</p> <p>fossil fuels may have been used to make hydrogen and/or oxygen / carbon dioxide may have been released to make hydrogen and/or oxygen(1)</p> <p>fossil fuels may have been used / carbon dioxide may have been released to make the fuel cells (1)</p>	2	<p>not just disposing of them releases harmful gases</p> <p>allow a named fossil fuel</p> <p>allow a named fossil fuel</p>
	Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6 a	C (1) removes stain and does not damage clothes (1)	2	incorrect letter then zero for question
b	A and E (1) they / enzymes remove food/ egg /blood stains (1)	2	both required explanation mark is dependent on correct identification of detergents allow breaks down / digests ignore dissolves allow reference to protease / enzymes digesting proteins in egg / blood allow reference to lipase and oils if referring to E
c	uses a solvent (1) does not involve water (1) idea that removes stains that are insoluble in water (1)	2	
	Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7 a	idea that solid has ions which cannot move (1) idea that ions in liquid can move (1)	2	not electrons cannot move in a solid not electrons can move in a liquid
b	$2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{H}_2$ correct symbols (1) balancing – dependent on correct formulae and electrons (1)	2	allow any correct multiple including fractions e.g. $4\text{H}^+ + 4\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2$ (2) allow = or \rightleftharpoons for arrow not 'and' or & for + allow one mark for correct balanced equation with minor errors in case, subscript and superscript e.g. $2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{h}_2$ (1) allow $2\text{H}^+ \rightarrow \text{H}_2 - 2\text{e}^-$ (2)
c	idea that H^+ is preferentially discharged / H^+ discharged before Na^+ (1)	1	'it' = hydrogen allow H^+ is less reactive / Na^+ is more reactive (1) allow needs less energy to discharge the hydrogen (1)
Total		5	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8 a	saponification (1)	1	allow hydrolysis / ignore saponification (1)
b	fat + sodium hydroxide → soap + glycerol (1)	1	both required allow propane-1,2,3-triol for glycerol
Total		2	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
9	<p>Level 3 Applies knowledge to identify, with explanations, the type of hardness in all of the samples AND writes a correct equation for the thermal decomposition of calcium hydrogencarbonate. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level. (5 – 6 marks)</p> <p>Level 2 Applies knowledge to identify, with explanations, the type of hardness in at all of the samples OR Applies knowledge to identify, with an explanation, the type of hardness in two of the samples and writes an equation for the thermal decomposition of calcium hydrogencarbonate. Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level. (3 – 4 marks)</p> <p>Level 1 Applies knowledge to identify, with an explanation, the type of hardness in one of the samples OR writes an equation for the thermal decomposition of calcium hydrogencarbonate. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level. (1 – 2 marks)</p> <p>Level 0 Insufficient or irrelevant science (0marks)</p>	6	<p>This question is targeted at grades up to A/A*.</p> <p>Indicative scientific points may include:</p> <p>Types of hardness and explanations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sample A contains temporary hardness • as it is completely softened (by boiling) / volume of soap (after boiling) is the same as distilled water / 3cm³ • sample B contains both temporary and permanent hardness • as it is partly softened (by boiling) / volume of soap decreases (after boiling) but is still more than distilled water • sample C contains only permanent hardness • as it is not softened (by boiling) / volume of soap does not change (after boiling) • sample D contains temporary hardness • as it is completely softened (by boiling)/ volume of soap (after boiling) is the same as distilled water / 3cm³ <p>Equation $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 \rightarrow \text{CaCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$</p> <p>Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris; do not use ticks.</p>
		6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
10 a i	A (1)	1	
ii	A (1)	1	
b	57.1 (Ω) (2) If answer is incorrect or incomplete then: Either 7/400 scores / 0.0175 (1) Or 400/7 (1)	2	Allow any correct rounded number from 57.14285714
	Total	4	

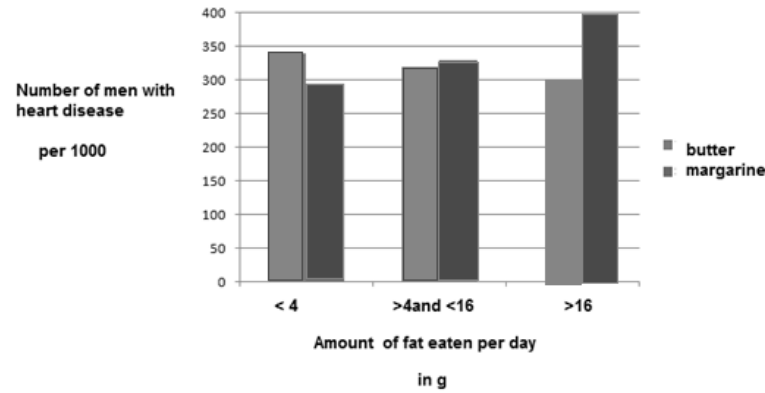
Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
11	Attempts 2 and 5 (1) Attempt 2: doubling the turns = double voltage / 20V and speed doubles = double voltage / 20V so both together = 4x voltage / gives 40V (1) Attempt 5: speed quadruples = 4x voltage / 40V (1)	3	both required for the mark
	Total	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
12 a	<p>when the temperature is low, resistance of thermistor is high ORA (1)</p> <p>high resistance leads to a high voltage (across T) ORA (1)</p> <p>high voltage / low temperature / high resistance generates a '1' (1)</p> <p>low voltage / high temperature / low resistance / generates '0' (1)</p>	4	<p>allow switches gate on</p> <p>ignore sends a signal to the gate</p> <p>allow gate is not switched on / gate is switched off</p> <p>ignore references to current</p>
b	<p>Column D: 0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1 (1)</p> <p>Column E: 0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1 (1)</p> <p>Column F: 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1 (1)</p>	3	
	Total	7	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
13 a	<p>Level 3: 5-6 marks Two correct calculations AND an explanation of the power loss in the cables Quality of written communication does not impede communication of science at this level.</p> <p>Level 2: 3-4 marks Two correct calculations OR An explanation of the power loss in the cables Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of science at this level.</p> <p>Level 1: 1-2 marks One correct power loss calculation Or Qualitative comment on the power loss in the cables. Quality of written communication impedes the communication of science at this level</p> <p>Level 0: 0 marks Insufficient or irrelevant science. Not worthy of credit.</p>	6	<p>This question is targeted up to A*</p> <p>Indicative scientific points may include (but are not limited to) the following:</p> <p>Level 3 480 watts and 4.8 watts Decreasing current by a factor of 10 decreases power loss by a factor of 100 / high voltage means lower current so less energy is lost (as heat)</p> <p>Level 2 480 watts and 4.8 watts or Decreasing current by a factor of 10 decreases power loss by a factor of 100 / high voltage means lower current so less energy is lost (as heat)</p> <p>Level 1 480 watts or 4.8 watts or higher currents/lower voltages means more energy lost (as heat) lower currents/higher voltages means less energy lost (as heat)</p>
b	<p>Any two from:</p> <p>idea that resistance is caused by collision of electrons</p>	2	

	with atoms / ions (1) increase in temperature means increase in KE of atoms / ions / increase in temperature means atoms/ ions vibrate faster / more (1) causing an increase in collisions (1)		
	Total	8	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
14 a	voltage AND current decrease (1) but voltage and current decrease quickly(immediately after connecting the conductor across them) (2)	2	allow they decrease (1) allow rate of decrease slows (2)
b	any one from: smoothing of electrical supply (1) store of charge (1) (short term back-up) power supply (1)	1	allow smoothing of current / voltage ignore store of voltage / current / electricity allow store of electrons ignore acts as a battery
	Total	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance												
15 a i	bars plotted correctly for both butter and margarine with some indication as to which bar is which (1)	1	<div><p>Number of men with heart disease per 1000</p><p>Amount of fat eaten per day in g</p><p>■ butter ■ margarine</p><table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Amount of fat eaten per day (g)</th><th>butter (per 1000)</th><th>margarine (per 1000)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>< 4</td><td>340</td><td>295</td></tr><tr><td>>4 and <16</td><td>320</td><td>330</td></tr><tr><td>>16</td><td>300</td><td>400</td></tr></tbody></table></div> <p>line graph= 0</p>	Amount of fat eaten per day (g)	butter (per 1000)	margarine (per 1000)	< 4	340	295	>4 and <16	320	330	>16	300	400
Amount of fat eaten per day (g)	butter (per 1000)	margarine (per 1000)													
< 4	340	295													
>4 and <16	320	330													
>16	300	400													
a ii	29.5 (%) (2) but if incorrect or incomplete then $\frac{295}{1000} \times 100$ (1)	2	allow 30 (%) (2) allow 29 (%) (1)												
a iii	any two from: (No) only very small differences between butter and margarine for > 4 and <16(1) >4 and <16 / >4 / >16 shows butter is healthier but <4 it is margarine so contradicts(1) data only refers to heart disease not other medical conditions (1) only data for men / no mention of women (1)	2													

			<p>allow one mark for a yes answer Yes - because it shows that eating butter is more healthy because eating >4 and <16 / >4 / >16 of fat eating butter results in less men with heart disease allow reference to total number with butter being lower or Yes because it shows the idea that when eating less than 4g of fat eating margarine results in less men with heart disease / or a (1) ignore references to other lifestyle factors / dietary factors</p>
a iv	<p>any three from:</p> <p>832 is a small sample size(1)</p> <p>only small age range(1)</p> <p>does not take into account other lifestyle factors / other dietary factors (1)</p> <p>maybe genetic reasons for heart disease(1)</p>	3	<p>ignore tested 832 men not 1000 men allow only tested 832 men</p> <p>allow they might not be 45 -64</p> <p>allow examples such as smoking or salt intake</p> <p>allow different ethnic groups</p>
b	<p>any two from:</p> <p>deaths increasing as levels of margarine increase (1)</p> <p>deaths decreasing as levels of margarine decrease (1)</p> <p>both were highest / at around the same time (1)</p> <p>when margarine levels low then deaths are low (1)</p>	2	<p>If no other marks allow both graphs are the same shape (1)</p>
	Total	10	

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