Write your name here		
Surname		Other names
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Mathema Paper 2R	tics B	
Thursday 9 June 2016 – M Time: 2 hours 30 minute	9	Paper Reference 4MB0/02R
You must have: Ruler graduate protractor, compasses, pen, Hispaper may be used.		

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.

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Answer ALL ELEVEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

- 1 Given that $\begin{pmatrix} x^2 & 3y \\ y & x \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 6y \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (a) calculate the two possible values of x.

(3)

(b) Hence calculate the possible values of	of y
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(3)



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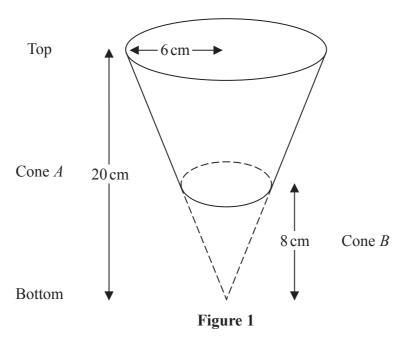


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A hollow right circular cone, A, has height 20 cm and radius 6 cm. The cone is held with its axis vertical and its vertex at the bottom.

A funnel is formed by removing the right circular cone, B, of height 8 cm from the bottom of A, as shown in Figure 1.

(a) Calculate the radius, in cm, of cone B.

	2)
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(b) Calculate the volume, in cm³ to 3 significant figures, of the funnel.

1	2)
u	41

Area of a circle =
$$\pi r^2$$

Volume of a right circular cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

Question 2 continued

Figure 2, below, shows the funnel placed on a sheet of metal.

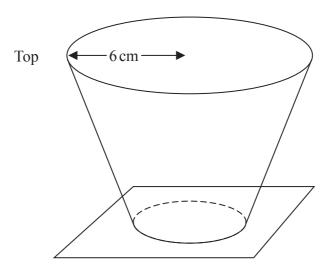


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Figure 2

The funnel is completely filled with water and no water escapes from the bottom of the funnel.

The sheet of metal is suddenly removed.

Given that water flows out of the funnel at a constant rate of 54 cm³/s

(c) calculate the time, to the nearest second, to completely empty the funnel of water.	
	(2)



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Question 2 continued	

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3	The equation of a curve C is $y = 2x^3 - 4x^2 + 5$ where $x > 0$ The point A is the stationary point on C .			
	(a) Show that the <i>x</i> coordinate of <i>A</i> is $x = \frac{4}{3}$	(4)		
	(b) Determine whether A is a maximum point or a minimum point.	(3)		

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4	In February, a motor vehicle salesman sold 600 vehicles. 40% of these vehicles were vans.	
	(a) Find the number of vans sold in February.	(1)
	All the other vehicles sold by the salesman in February were either lorries or cars. The ratio of the number of lorries sold to the number of cars sold was 1:4	
	(b) Calculate the number of lorries sold and the number of cars sold in February.	(3)
	In March, the salesman sold $\frac{1}{9}$ more cars than he sold in February but he sold $12\frac{1}{2}\%$	
	fewer lorries than he sold in February. He sold the same number of vans in March as he sold in February.	
	The salesman sold more vehicles in March than he sold in February.	
	(c) Express this increase as a percentage, to the nearest percent, of the total number of vehicles sold by the salesman in February.	(3)

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5 The functions f, g and h are defined as

$$f: x \mapsto \frac{1+x}{x} \qquad x \neq 0$$

$$g: x \mapsto \frac{2}{x}$$
 $x \neq 0$

$$h: x \mapsto x + 3$$

- (a) (i) Express the inverse function f^{-1} in the form $f^{-1}: x \mapsto ...$
 - (ii) State the value of x which must be excluded from any domain of f^{-1}

(4)

(b)	Solve	the	equation	hg(x)	$=4f^{-1}$	(x)
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(5)

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- 6 The vertices of triangle A are the points with coordinates (1, 1), (2, 3) and (-1, 2).
 - (a) On the grid, draw and label triangle A.

(1)

Triangle A is transformed to triangle B under the transformation with matrix P where

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) On the grid, draw and label triangle *B*.

(3)

Triangle B is transformed to triangle C under the transformation with matrix \mathbf{Q} where

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(c) On the grid, draw and label triangle C.

(3)

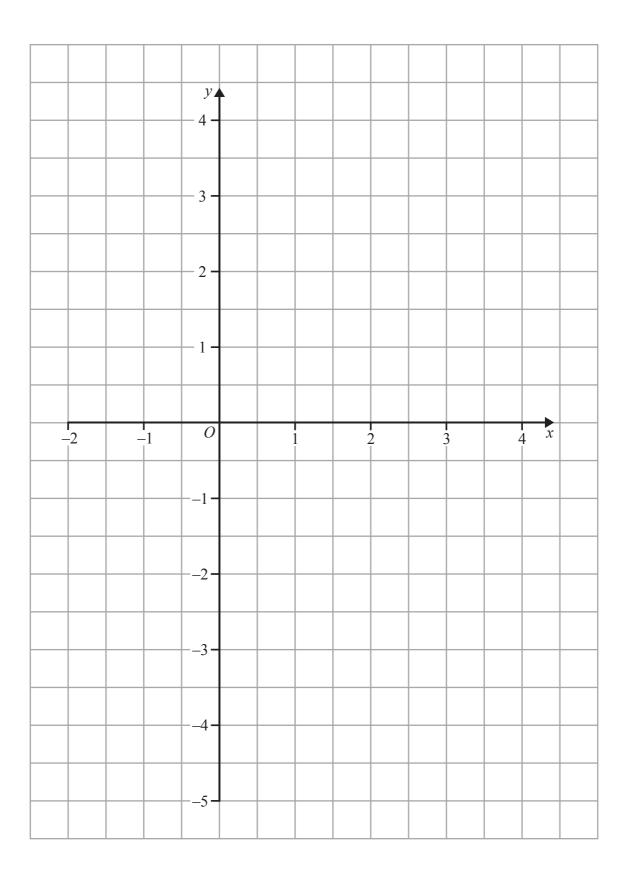
Triangle C is the image of triangle A under a **single** transformation.

(d) Describe fully this transformation.

(3)



Question 6 continued



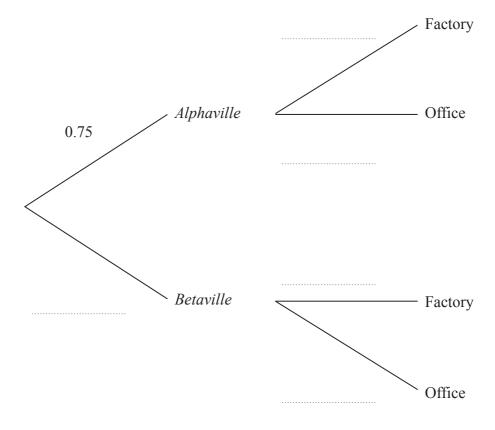
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7	Alphaville and Betaville are two towns on an island. All the adults on the island either work in Alphaville or in Betaville.
	75% of the adults on the island work in <i>Alphaville</i> .
	All the adults on the island either work in a factory or in an office. 70% of the adults on the island who work in <i>Alphaville</i> work in a factory. 40% of the adults on the island who work in <i>Betaville</i> work in an office.
	(a) Complete the probability tree diagram for this information.

Question 7 continued



An adult on the island is to be chosen at random.

- (b) Find the probability that this adult
 - (i) works in an office in Betaville,
 - (ii) works in an office.

(5)

(3)

Given that the adult chosen works in an office,

(c) find the probability that this adult works in *Betaville*.

(3)



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Question 7 continued	
	Total for Question 7 is 11 marks)

8 Make x the subject of	t = a(b + dx)	
		(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)



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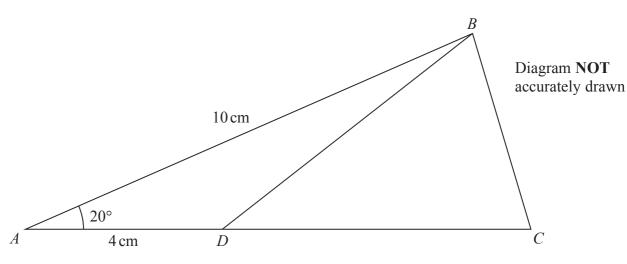


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows $\triangle ABC$ in which AB = 10 cm and $\angle BAC = 20^{\circ}$

The point D lies on the line AC so that AD = 4 cm and $\angle BDA$ is obtuse.

Calculate, to 3 significant figures,

(a) the length, in cm, of BD,

(3)

(b) the size, in degrees, of $\angle BDC$.

(4)

Given that the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 18 cm^2

(c) calculate the length, in cm to 3 significant figures, of CD.

(3)

Sine rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$

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Question 9 continued

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Figure 4

In Figure 4, *OAB* is a triangle.

The point *C* is the midpoint of *OB*.

The point *F* is on *AB* such that AF:FB = 2:1

Given that $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OB} = 2\mathbf{b}$

- (a) find, in terms of a or b or a and b, simplifying your answers where possible,
- (i) \overrightarrow{AB} (ii) \overrightarrow{BC} (iii) \overrightarrow{AF} (iv) \overrightarrow{FC}

The point E is such that FCE is a straight line so that $\overrightarrow{FE} = \lambda \overrightarrow{FC}$, where λ is a scalar.

(b) Write down an expression in terms of **a**, **b** and λ for \overrightarrow{FE} .

(1)

(5)

(c) Find and simplify an expression in terms of **a**, **b** and λ for \overrightarrow{OE} .

(2)

The point E is such that $\overrightarrow{OE} = \mu \overrightarrow{AB}$, where μ is a scalar.

(d) Find the value of λ and the value of μ .

(6)

(e) State what can be deduced about triangles *OCE* and *CFB*.

(1)

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Question 10 continued

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- 11 The equation of a curve is given by $y = -2x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x$
 - (a) Complete the table of values for $y = -2x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x$

Give your values of y to two decimal places where necessary.

x	-1	-0.5	-0.25	0	0.25	0.5	0.75	1	1.25	1.5	2
У	3	0		0	0.66	1.5	2.34	3		3	0

(2)

(b) On the grid, plot the points from your completed table and join them to form a smooth curve.

(3)

(c) Using your curve, write down the values, to one decimal place, of the x coordinates of the stationary points on $y = -2x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x$

(2)

(d) Use your curve to estimate the range of values for x, to one decimal place, for which

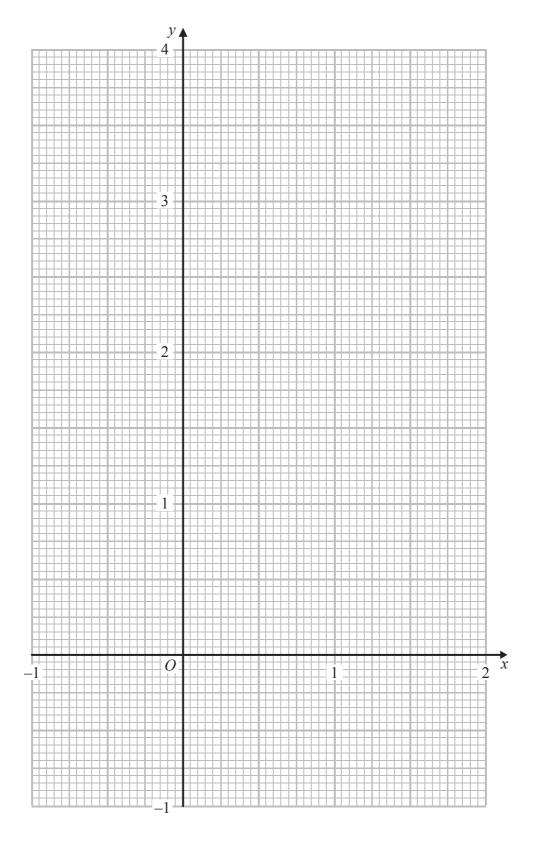
$$-2x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x - 1 > 0$$

(3)

(e) By drawing a suitable straight line on the grid, find estimates, to one decimal place, of the 3 values of x which satisfy $-2x^3 + 3x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x - 2 = 0$

(6)

Question 11 continued



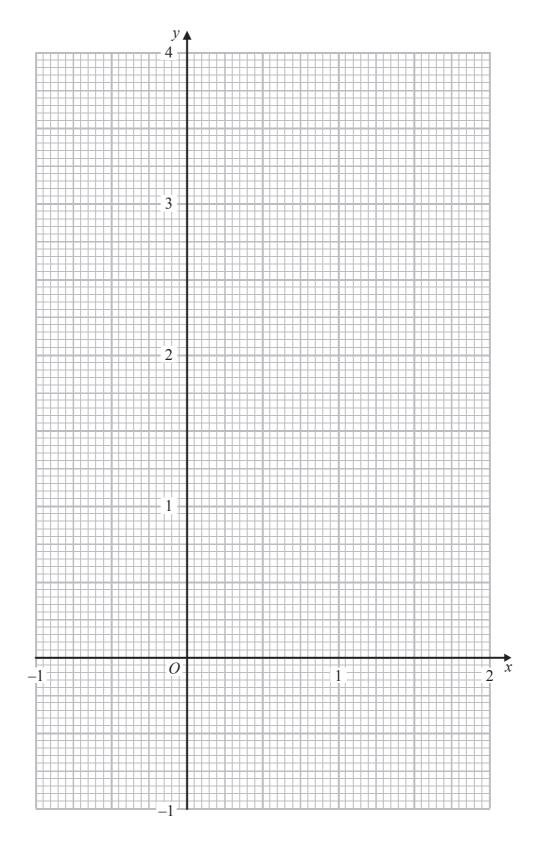
Use the grid on page 31 if you need to redraw your graph.



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Question 11 continued

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	(Total for Question 11 is 16 marks)
	TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS