

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel  
International GCSE**

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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# Mathematics B

## Paper 2



Thursday 9 June 2016 – Morning  
**Time: 2 hours 30 minutes**

Paper Reference  
**4MB0/02**

**You must have:** Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– there may be more space than you need.
- **Calculators may be used.**

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.

Turn over ▶

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PEARSON

**Answer ALL ELEVEN questions.**

**Write your answers in the spaces provided.**

**You must write down all the stages in your working.**

- 1** The speed of an aeroplane can be measured in knots where 1 knot = 1.852 km/h.  
The speed of an aeroplane is 550 knots.

- (a) Convert a speed of 550 knots to a speed in km/h.  
Give your answer to the nearest whole number.

**(2)**

A second aeroplane flies a distance of 1000 km in 2 hours.

- (b) Calculate the average speed, in knots to the nearest whole number, of this second aeroplane.

**(2)**



**Question 1 continued**

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**(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)**



$$2 \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ -6 & -10 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a) Find  $\mathbf{AB}$ .

(2)

(b) Given that  $\mathbf{AB} - \mathbf{C} = \lambda\mathbf{A}$  where  $\lambda$  is an integer, find the value of  $\lambda$ .

(3)

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**Question 2 continued**

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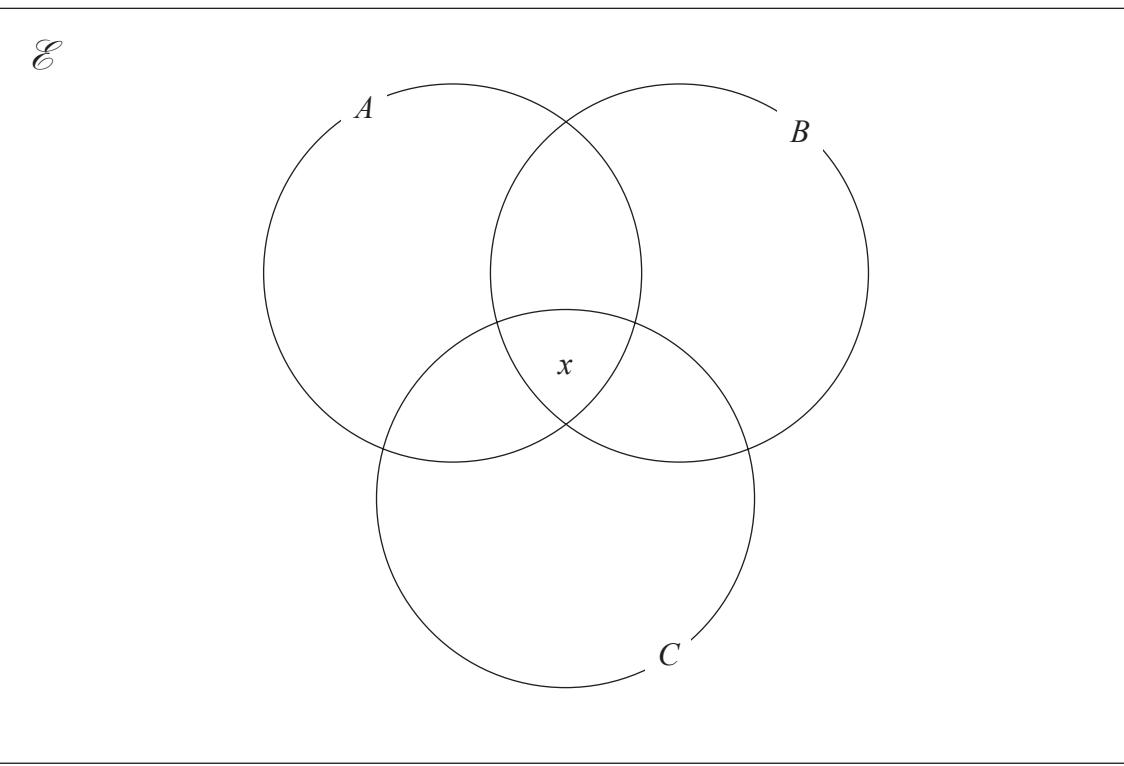
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**(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)**



3



In the Venn diagram,  $n(A \cap B \cap C) = x$

It is given that sets  $\mathcal{E}$ ,  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are such that

$$n(\mathcal{E}) = 60$$

$$n([A \cup B \cup C]') = 4$$

$$n(A \cap B) = 8$$

$$n(B \cap C) = 7$$

$$n(A \cap C) = 13$$

$$n(A) = 37 - x$$

$$n(B) = 28 - x$$

$$n(C) = 29 - x$$

- (a) Using this information, complete the Venn diagram to show the number of elements in each appropriate subset.

(3)

- (b) (i) Using your Venn diagram, write down an equation in  $x$ .

- (ii) Hence find the value of  $x$ .

(2)



**Question 3 continued**

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**(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)**



- 4 The equation of a curve,  $C$ , is  $y = f(x)$  where  $f(x) = ax^2 + b$  for all values of  $x$ , and  $a$  and  $b$  are constants.

Given that  $C$  passes through the point with coordinates  $(1, -1)$

- (a) write down an equation in  $a$  and  $b$ .

(1)

Given also that  $C$  passes through the point with coordinates  $(3, 23)$

- (b) write down a second equation in  $a$  and  $b$ .

(1)

- (c) Solve your two equations to find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .

(3)

- (d) Using your values of  $a$  and  $b$ , write down the range of the function  $f$ .

(2)



**Question 4 continued**

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**(Total for Question 4 is 7 marks)**



- 5 A policeman uses a detection device to measure the speeds, in km/h, of vehicles passing a certain point on a road. The table below gives information about the speed recorded for each of 100 vehicles.

Speed ( $x$ km/h)	Number of vehicles
$0 < x \leqslant 20$	5
$20 < x \leqslant 40$	25
$40 < x \leqslant 50$	33
$50 < x \leqslant 60$	22
$60 < x \leqslant 90$	15

- (a) Calculate an estimate for the mean speed of the 100 vehicles.

(4)

The speed limit for vehicles at this point on the road is 50 km/h. One of these 100 vehicles is chosen at random.

- (b) Find the probability that the speed recorded for this vehicle is greater than the speed limit.

(2)

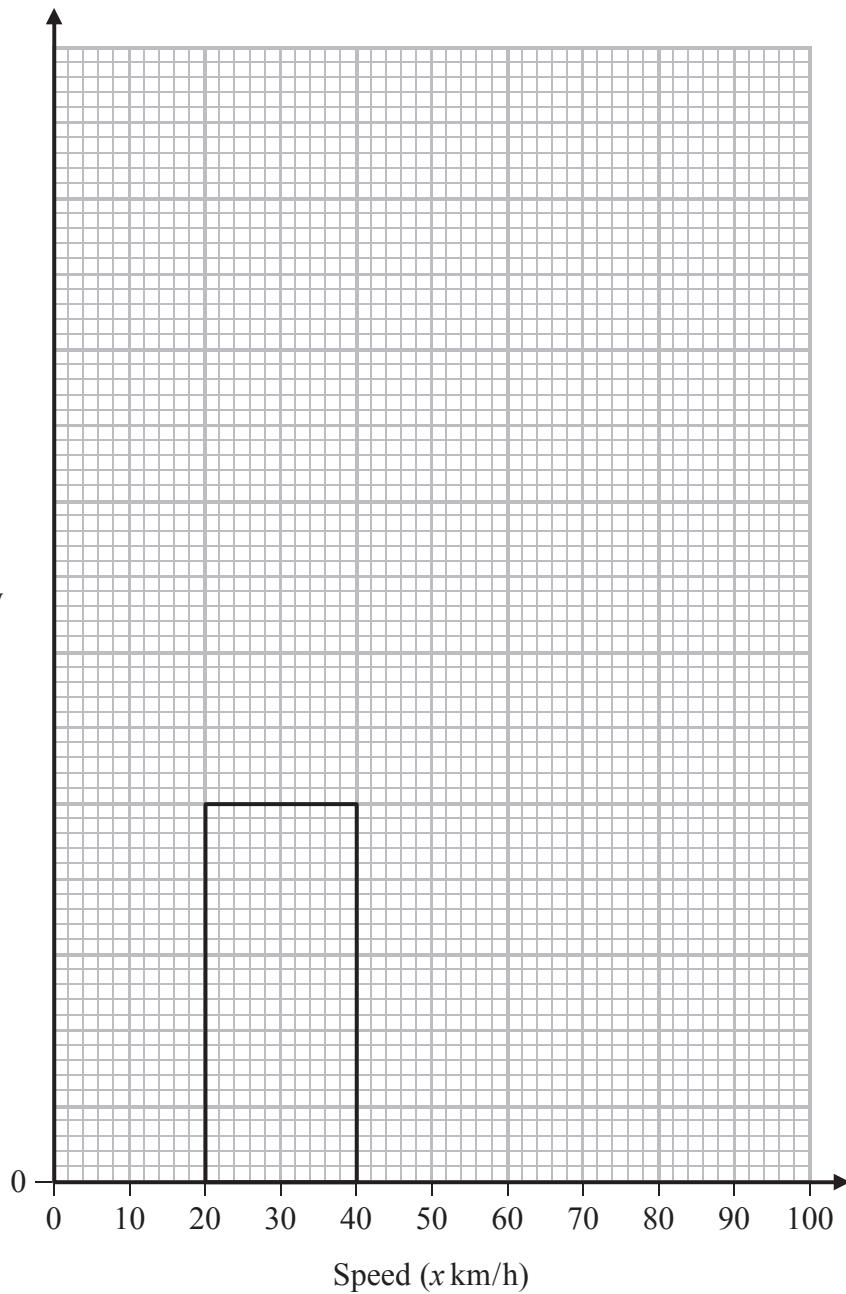


**Question 5 continued**

- (c) On the grid below complete the histogram to represent the information in the table.  
One bar has been drawn for you.

(4)

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### **Question 5 continued**

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(Total for Question 5 is 10 marks)



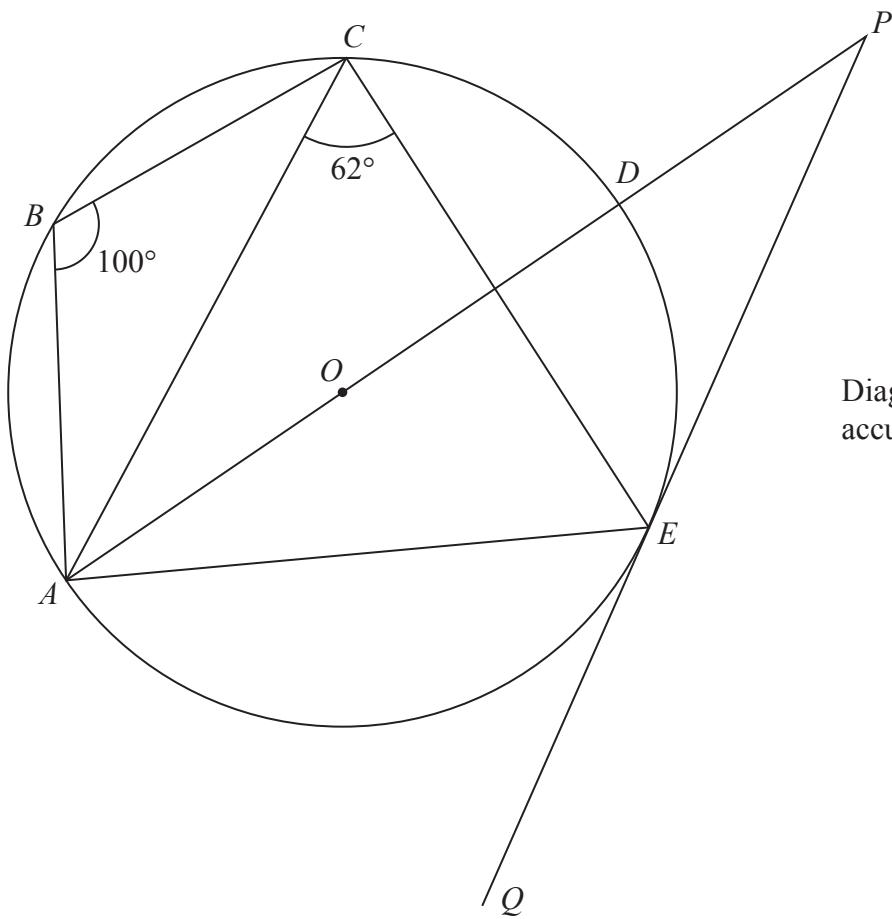
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**6** Simplify fully  $\frac{x^2 + 3x - 28}{(x + 3)^2 - 16}$

**(Total for Question 6 is 5 marks)**



7

Diagram NOT  
accurately drawn**Figure 1**

In Figure 1,  $ABCDE$  is a circle with centre  $O$  and with diameter  $AD$ .

$ADP$  and  $QEP$  are straight lines so that  $QEP$  is the tangent to the circle at the point  $E$ .  
 $\angle ABC = 100^\circ$  and  $\angle ACE = 62^\circ$

(a) Giving reasons, find the size, in degrees, of

(i)  $\angle AEC$ ,

(ii)  $\angle AEQ$ .

(4)

(b) Giving reasons, show that  $\angle OAE = 28^\circ$

(4)

(c) Hence find the size, in degrees, of  $\angle EPA$ .

(2)



**Question 7 continued**

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### **Question 7 continued**

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**Question 7 continued**

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**(Total for Question 7 is 10 marks)**



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- 8 (a) Expand and simplify  $(5x + 192)(x - 80)$

(2)

The manager of a golf shop bought  $x$  identical golf balls at a total cost of \$480 to sell during a tournament.

- (b) Write down an expression in terms of  $x$  for the price, in \$, that the manager paid for one golf ball.

(1)

The selling price of a golf ball was such that the profit made when the golf ball was sold is \$2.50

- (c) Find, as a single fraction, an expression in terms of  $x$  for the selling price, in \$, of one golf ball.

(2)

At the end of the tournament, 16 of the golf balls had **not** been sold and the total selling price of the golf balls sold was \$544

- (d) Using all the information given, write down an equation in  $x$ .

(1)

- (e) Show that your equation in part (d) simplifies to  $5x^2 - 208x - 15\,360 = 0$

(3)

- (f) Using part (a) or otherwise, find the number of golf balls bought by the manager of the golf shop for the tournament.

(3)



**Question 8 continued**

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### **Question 8 continued**

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**Question 8 continued**

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**(Total for Question 8 is 12 marks)**



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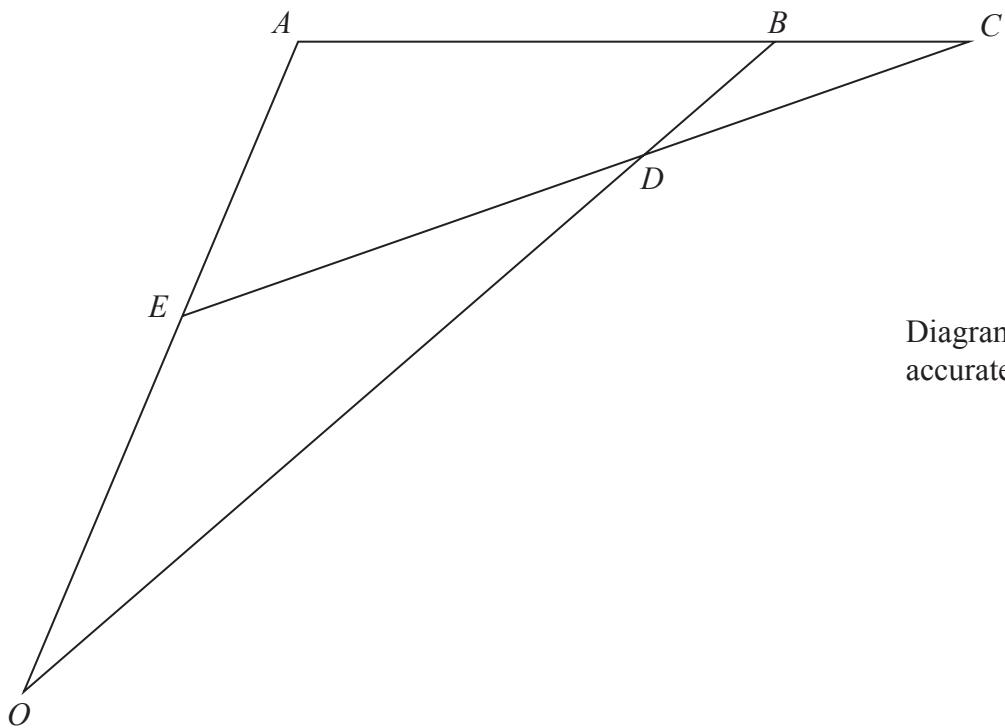


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

**Figure 2**

In Figure 2,  $OAB$  is a triangle such that  $\vec{OA} = 2\mathbf{a}$  and  $\vec{AB} = \mathbf{b}$ .

The point  $E$  is the midpoint of  $OA$  and  $ABC$  is a straight line such that  $AB:AC = 4:5$

The lines  $OB$  and  $CE$  intersect at the point  $D$ .

(a) Express in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  or  $\mathbf{a}$  or  $\mathbf{b}$

- (i)  $\vec{OB}$       (ii)  $\vec{AC}$       (iii)  $\vec{EC}$       (3)

Given that  $\vec{OD} = \mu \vec{OB}$ , where  $\mu$  is a scalar,

(b) write down an expression for  $\vec{OD}$  in terms of  $\mu$ ,  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$ .      (1)

Given also that  $\vec{ED} = \lambda \vec{EC}$ , where  $\lambda$  is a scalar,

(c) write down an expression for  $\vec{OD}$  in terms of  $\lambda$ ,  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$ .      (1)

(d) Find the value of  $\lambda$  and the value of  $\mu$ .      (5)

The area of triangle  $OAD$  is 20 square units.

(e) Find the area of triangle  $ADB$ .      (2)



**Question 9 continued**

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### **Question 9 continued**

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**Question 9 continued**

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**(Total for Question 9 is 12 marks)**



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- 10 (a) Show that the size of each interior angle of a regular pentagon is  $108^\circ$

(2)

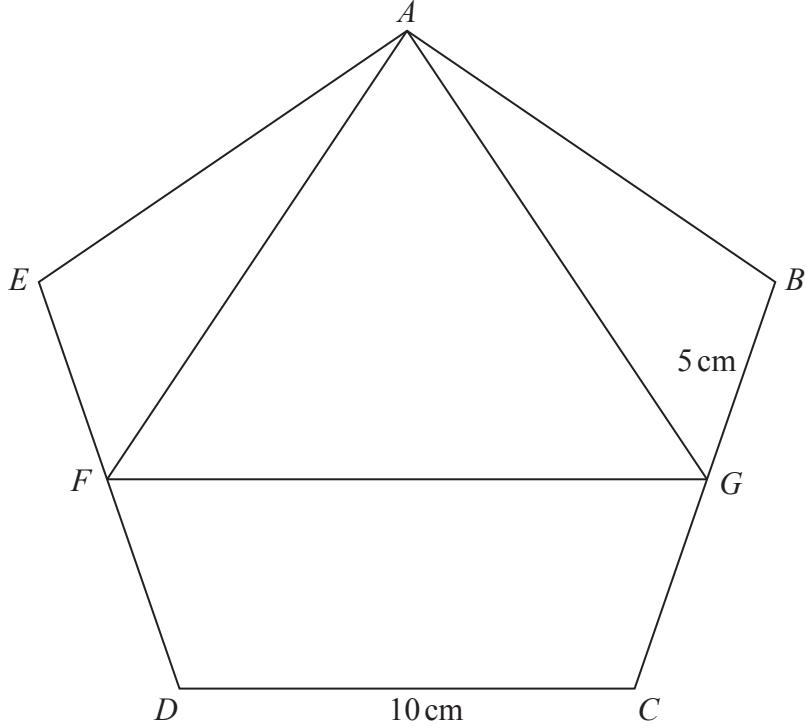


Diagram NOT  
accurately drawn

**Figure 3**

In Figure 3,  $ABCDE$  is a regular pentagon with sides of length 10 cm. The midpoints of  $ED$  and  $BC$  are  $F$  and  $G$  respectively.

Calculate, giving your answers to 3 significant figures,

- (b) the length, in cm, of  $AG$ ,

(3)

- (c) the size, in degrees, of  $\angle GAB$ ,

(3)

- (d) the area, in  $\text{cm}^2$ , of triangle  $GAF$ .

(3)

The area of the pentagon, to 4 significant figures, is  $172.0 \text{ cm}^2$

The region  $R$  consists of the points inside the pentagon but outside the triangle  $GAF$ .

- (e) Express the area of  $R$  as a percentage of the area of the pentagon. Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

(3)

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Sum of interior angles of polygon} = (2n - 4) \text{ right angles} \\ \text{Sine rule: } \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C} \\ \text{Cosine rule: } a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A \\ \text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A \end{array} \right\}$$



**Question 10 continued**

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**Question 10 continued**

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**(Total for Question 10 is 14 marks)**



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11

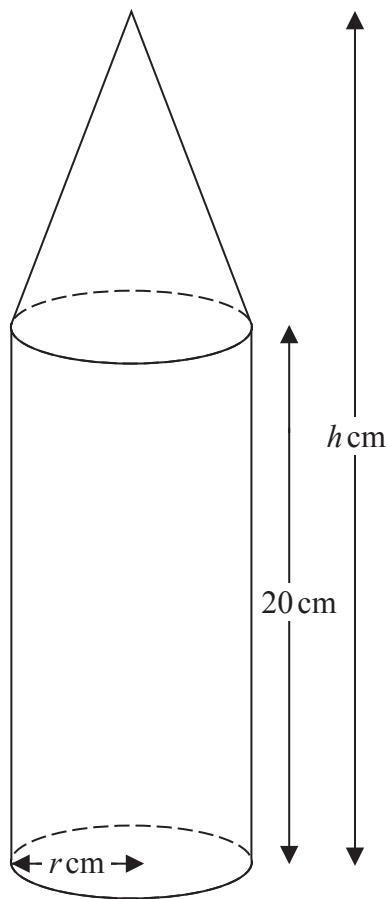


Diagram NOT  
accurately drawn

**Figure 4**

Figure 4 shows a firework which is made of a right circular cone on top of a right circular cylinder. The radius of the base of the cone is  $r$  cm and the radius of the cylinder is also  $r$  cm. The centre of the base of the cone coincides with the centre of the upper circular face of the cylinder.

The height of the cylinder is 20 cm, the height of the cone is  $H$  cm and the total height of the firework is  $h$  cm.

- (a) Write down an expression for  $H$  in terms of  $h$ .

(1)

The volume of the cone is  $V$   $\text{cm}^3$

- (b) Write down a formula for  $V$  in terms of  $r$  and  $h$ .

(1)

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \text{Area of a circle} = \pi r^2 \\ \text{Volume of a right circular cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h \end{array} \right)$$



**Question 11 continued**

For this firework,  $r + h = 32$

- (c) Show that  $V = \pi(4r^2 - \frac{1}{3}r^3)$  (2)

**Question 11 continues on the next page**



**Question 11 continued**

- (d) For the curve with equation  $y = 4r^2 - \frac{1}{3}r^3$  complete the following table giving all values of  $y$  to the nearest integer.

$r$	0	2	4	6	8	10	12
$y$	0	13		72			0

(3)

- (e) On the grid opposite, plot the points from your completed table and join them to form a smooth curve.

(3)

The volume of the cone for this firework is  $80\pi \text{ cm}^3$

- (f) Use your graph to find, to one decimal place, the two possible values of  $r$ .

(3)

Using the two values of  $r$  found in (f), the difference between the volumes of the two possible fireworks is  $D \text{ cm}^3$ .

- (g) Find the value of  $D$  to the nearest 100

(3)



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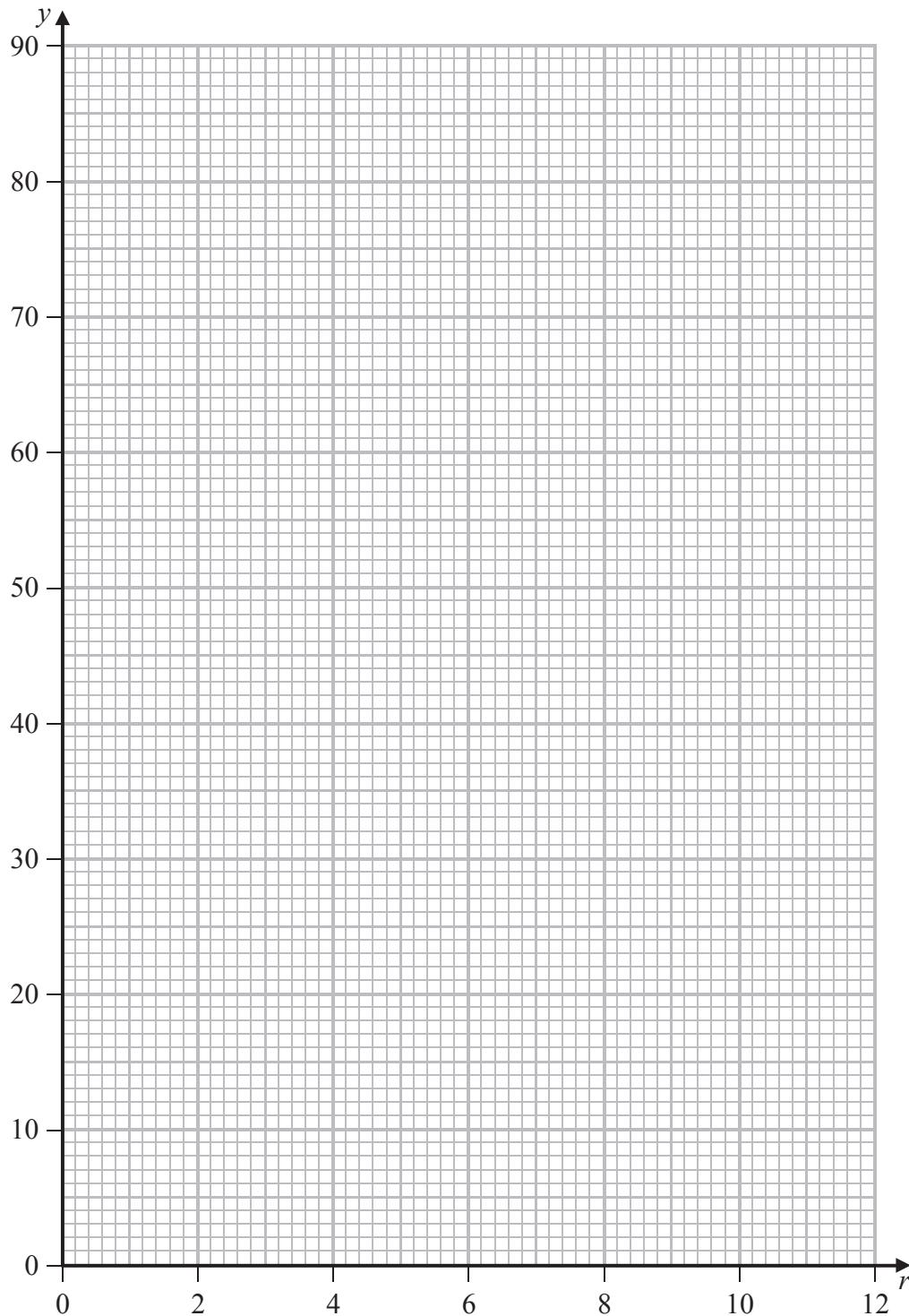
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**Question 11 continued**

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**Turn over for a spare grid if you need to redraw your graph.**

**Question 11 continued**

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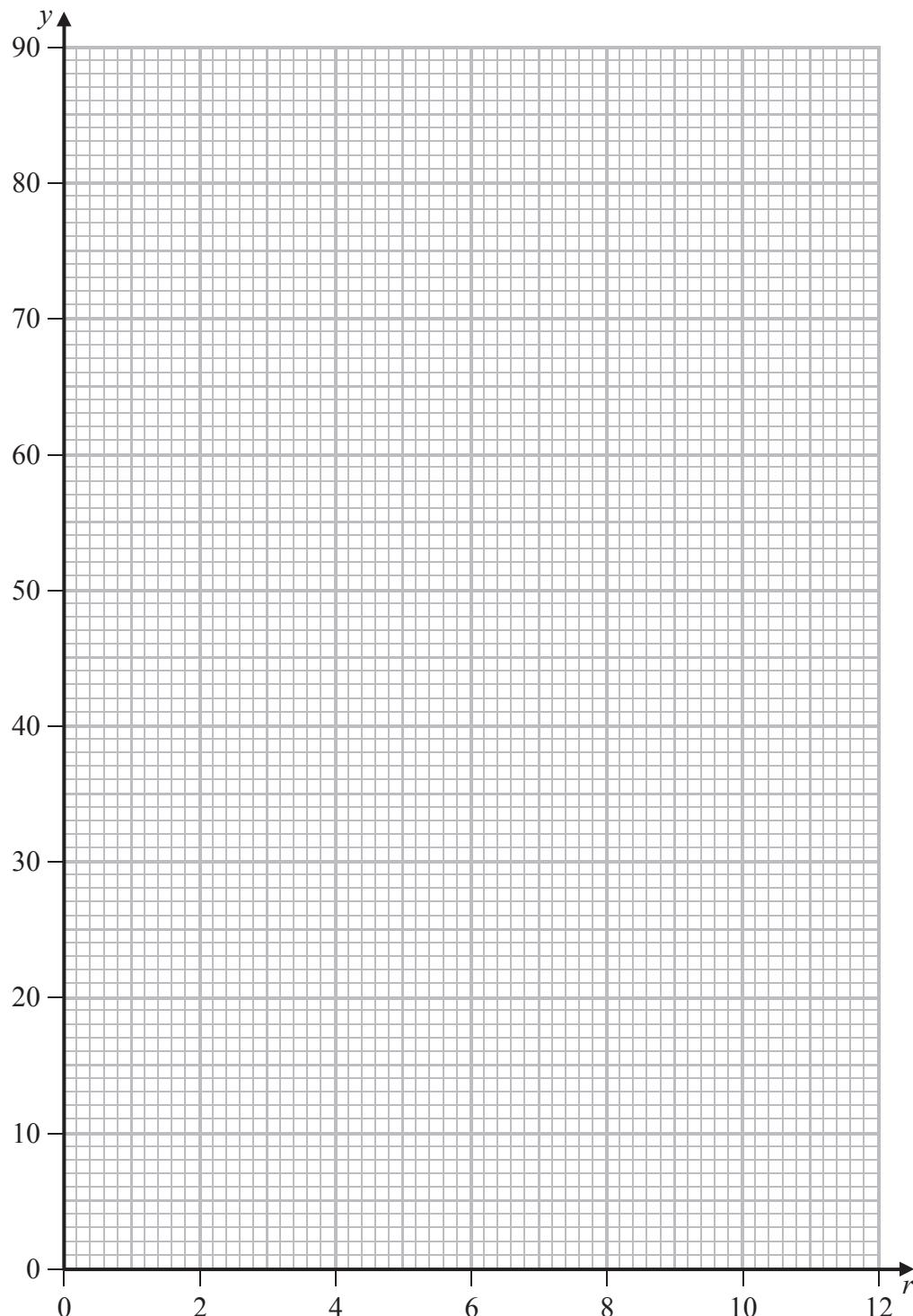
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**Question 11 continued**

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**Question 11 continued**

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**(Total for Question 11 is 16 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS**

