Write your name here Surname		Other names
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Mathema Paper 2R	tics B	
Tuesday 16 January 2018 – Time: 2 hours 30 minutes		Paper Reference 4MB0/02R
<b>You must have:</b> Ruler graduate protractor, compasses, pen, HB paper may be used.		- 11

#### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
   there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
  use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

#### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.

Turn over ▶





### **Answer ALL ELEVEN questions.**

	write your answers in the spaces provided.	
	You must write down all the stages in your working.	
1	Chi received \$348 in pay after tax was deducted.	
	Tax was deducted at a rate of 40%	
	(a) Calculate Chi's pay, in \$, before the tax was deducted.	
		(2)
	The tax should have been deducted at a rate of 25% and <b>not</b> 40%	
	(b) Calculate by how much, in \$, Chi was underpaid.	(2)
		(2)
_	(Total for Question 1 is	4 marks)

2 Solve the simultaneous equations	
	3y = 2 - 2x $5y = 8 - 3x$
Show clear algebraic working.	
	(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)



3 f varies inversely as the cube of r.

$$f = 576 \text{ when } r = \frac{1}{2}$$

(a) Find a formula for f in terms of r.

Given that  $f = 5 + \frac{1}{t}$  when r = 2

(b) find the value of t.

(2)

(3)

(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)

4 Given that x > 0 and that

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -3 & -4 \\ 5 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -1 & xz \\ x^2 & x + 2y & -y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -4 \\ -37 & 3 & -22 \\ 11 & -5 & 24 \end{pmatrix}$$

find the value of x, the value of y and the value of z.


| <br> |
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(Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)

5 150 tourists in London took part in a survey to see how popular three tourist attractions are.

Each tourist was asked to say whether they had visited *Buckingham Palace* (*B*), *Hampton Court* (*H*) or the *Tower of London* (*T*).

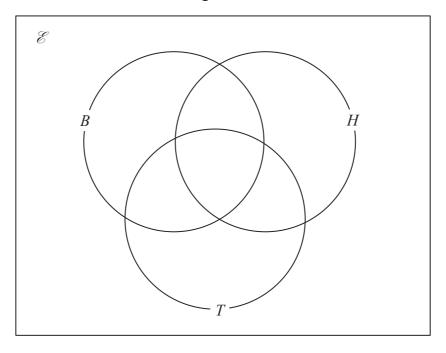
25 of the 150 tourists had not visited any of the three tourist attractions.

Of the other tourists who were asked

- 20 had visited all three attractions
- 25 had visited Buckingham Palace and Hampton Court
- 35 had visited Hampton Court and the Tower of London
- 30 had visited Buckingham Palace and the Tower of London
- 45 had visited Buckingham Palace only
- x had visited *Hampton Court* only

The results of the survey also showed that the number of visitors who had visited the *Tower of London* only was 4 times the number of visitors who had visited *Hampton Court* only.

(a) Show all this information on the Venn diagram.



(4)

(b) Use the information in the Venn diagram to write down an equation in x.

(1)

(c) Hence find the value of x.

**(2)** 

One of the tourists who took part in the survey was picked at random.

Given that this tourist had visited Buckingham Palace,

(d) write down the probability that this tourist had visited the *Tower of London*.

(1)

Turn over for a spare Venn diagram if you need to redraw your diagram.



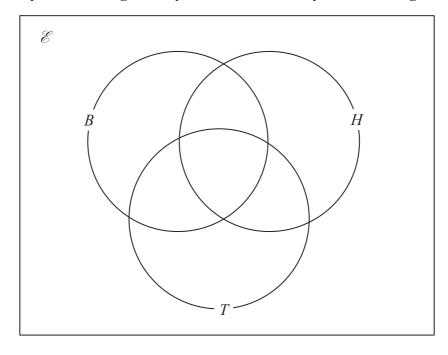
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## **Question 5 continued**

Only use this diagram if you need to redraw your Venn diagram.



(Total for Question 5 is 8 marks)



6 The functions f and g are defined as

$$f: x \mapsto 3x - 1$$

$$g: x \mapsto \frac{3}{x}$$
  $x \neq 0$ 

(a) Find gf(2)

(1)

The function h is such that  $h(x) = \frac{6}{2x - 3}$ 

(b) State the value of x that needs to be excluded from any domain of h

(1)

(c) Express the inverse function  $h^{-1}$  in the form  $h^{-1}: x \mapsto ...$ 

(2)

(d) Solve the equation fh(x) = g(x)

Give your solutions to 3 significant figures.

**(5)** 


Solutions of 
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
 are  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ 

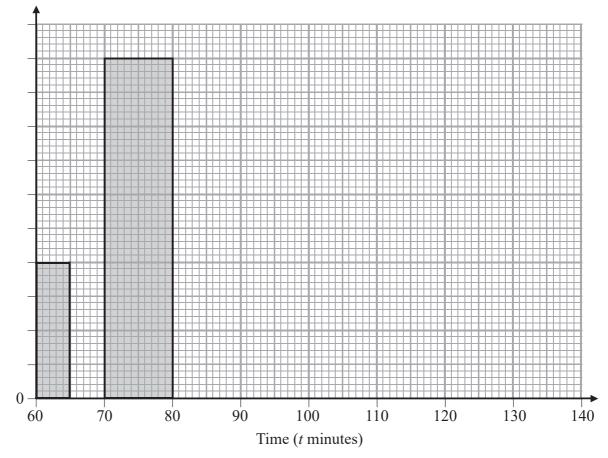




7 Information about the times, in minutes, taken by 305 runners to complete a half marathon is given in the incomplete table and the incomplete histogram.

Time (t minutes)	$60 < t \leqslant 65$	$65 < t \leqslant 70$	$70 < t \leqslant 80$	$80 < t \leqslant 95$	$95 < t \leqslant 115$	$115 < t \leqslant 140$
Frequency	10	20		60	90	





(a) Complete the table and the histogram.

(5)

(b) Write down the class interval that contains the median.

- (1)
- (c) Calculate an estimate of the mean time, to the nearest minute, taken by the 305 runners to complete the half marathon.
- **(4)**

Turn over for a spare grid if you need to redraw your histogram.



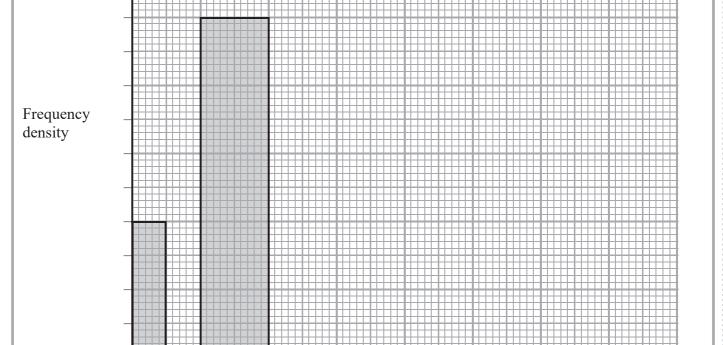
130

140

# Question 7 continued

## Only use this grid if you need to redraw your histogram.

Time (t minutes)	$\boxed{60 < t \leqslant 65}$	$65 < t \leqslant 70$	$70 < t \leqslant 80$	$80 < t \leqslant 95$	$95 < t \leqslant 115$	$115 < t \leqslant 140$
Frequency	10	20		60	90	



100

Time (*t* minutes)

110

120

90

70

60

80

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Diagram NOT accurately drawn

Figure 1

Figure 1 shows triangle  $\overrightarrow{OAB}$  in which  $\overrightarrow{OA} = 4\mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OB} = 8\mathbf{b}$ 

P is the point on OA such that OP : OA = 1 : 4

- (a) Express in terms of **a** or **b** or **a** and **b** where appropriate,
  - (i)  $\overrightarrow{AB}$
- (ii)  $\overrightarrow{PO}$

(2)

Q is the point on OB such that OQ : OB = 1 : m where m is a constant.

 $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \alpha \overrightarrow{AB}$  where  $\alpha$  is a scalar.

(b) Using vectors, find the value of m and the value of  $\alpha$ .

(3)

R is the point on AB such that AR : AB = 1 : n where n is a constant.

(c) Find and simplify an expression for  $\overrightarrow{PR}$  in terms of n,  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$ .

**(2)** 

Given that PR is parallel to OB,

(d) find the value of n.

**(2)** 

The area of APQB is  $150 \text{ cm}^2$ 

(e) Calculate the area of triangle *OPQ*.

(3)

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- 9 The points (4, 2), (4, 3) and (6, 3) are the vertices of triangle S.
  - (a) On the grid opposite, draw and label triangle S.

(1)

Triangle T is the image of triangle S under a reflection in the line with equation y = x

(b) On the grid opposite, draw and label triangle T.

**(2)** 

Triangle U is the image of triangle T under a rotation through 180° about the point (-2, 2)

(c) On the grid opposite, draw and label triangle U.

(3)

Triangle *U* is transformed to triangle *V* under the translation  $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ 

(d) On the grid opposite, draw and label triangle V.

(2)

Triangle V is transformed to triangle W under the transformation with matrix P where

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(e) On the grid opposite, draw and label triangle W.

(3)

(f) Find the determinant of the matrix **P**.

(1)

(g) Write down the ratio (area of triangle S): (area of triangle W) in the form 1:n

(1)

Determinant of matrix 
$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = ad - bc$$



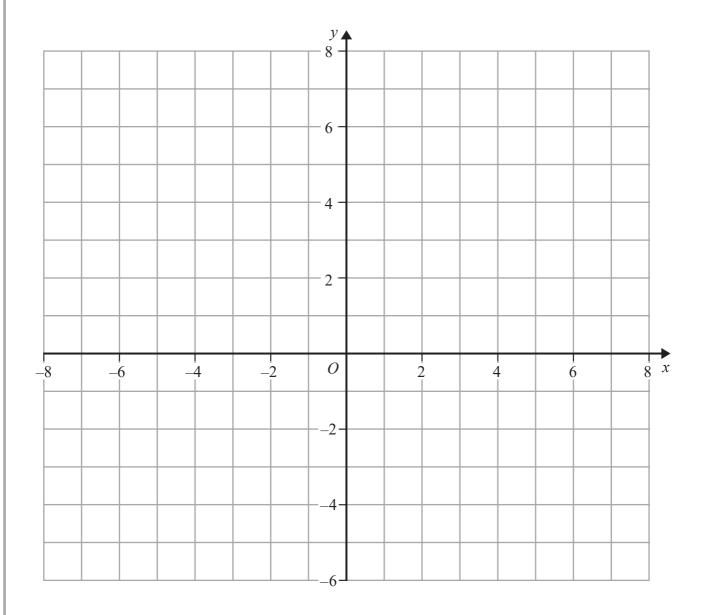
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## Question 9 continued

Only use this grid if you need to redraw your triangles.



(Total for Question 9 is 13 marks)



10

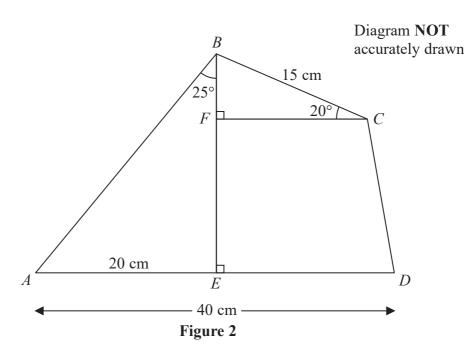


Figure 2 shows quadrilateral ABCD in which BC = 15 cm and AD = 40 cm.

The point E on AD is such that BE is perpendicular to AD with AE = 20 cm and  $\angle ABE = 25^{\circ}$ 

(a) Calculate the length, in cm to 3 significant figures, of AB.

**(2)** 

The point F on BE is such that FC is perpendicular to BE with  $\angle BCF = 20^{\circ}$ 

Calculate the length, in cm to 3 significant figures, of

(b) *FC*,

**(2)** 

(c) AC.

(3)

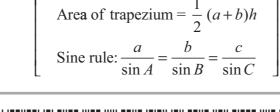
(d) Calculate the area, in cm<sup>2</sup> to 3 significant figures, of quadrilateral ABCD.

**(6)** 

Cosine rule: 
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Area of triangle = 
$$\frac{1}{2}bc\sin A$$

Area of trapezium = 
$$\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$$



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11 Given that for all values of x,

$$(3x-2)(x^3-3x^2+3) = 3x^4+ax^3+6x^2+9x-6$$

(a) show that a = -11

(2)

(b) Find the coordinates of the stationary points on the curve with equation  $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 3$ 

(4)

(c) Complete the following table of values for  $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 3$ 

х	-1	0	1	1.5	2	2.5	2.75	3
У	-1		1					3

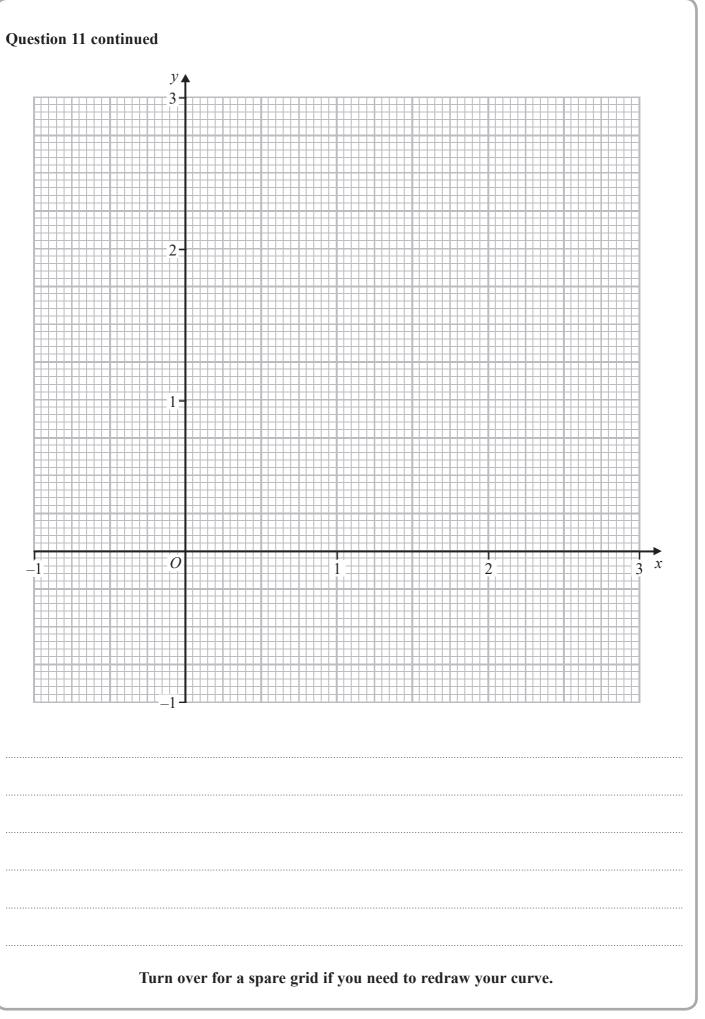
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(d) On the grid opposite, plot the points from your completed table and plot the stationary points from part (b) and join them to form a smooth curve.

(3)

(e) Use your graph to write down estimates, to 2 decimal places, of the solutions of the equation  $3x^4 - 11x^3 + 6x^2 + 9x - 6 = 0$ 

(4)



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### **Question 11 continued**

Only use this grid if you need to redraw your curve.

